The Raleigh Tribune.

DAILY

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SENATOR PRITCHARD

Confined to His Room, Gives Expression of His Views

ON THE ACTION OF BUTLER'S CAUCUS

HONORABLE AND PATRIOTIC ACTION OF THE MINORITY.

Harry Skinner Adds a Few Words—Butler Only Adds Another Mistake to the Many Committed.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—Yesterday's snow storm was followed today by a blizzard of unprecedented severity Senator Pritchard remained at his hotel under the imperative advice of his physician. He was in bed tonight when the newspaper statement of the action of the majority faction of the Populist caucus in Raleigh last night was read to him. Speaking of the matter, he said to the TRIBUNE representative:

"It is the legitimate outcome of the policy presented by Senator Butler since last spring in regard to co-operation. It is the first tangible movement he has made in the direction of an alliance with the Democrats. Doubtless it will now be his open policy to accomplish this end. He has taken advantage of existing conditions to precipitate the movement From what I know of Populist sentiment in the State, I am clearly of the opinion that he will not succeed In my judgment nine-tenths of the rank and file of the party are in sympathy with the honorable and patriotic action of the minority faction. There is nothing in the situation to disturb Republicans. They will do their duty and will invite the active co-operation of Populist members of the Legislature without regard to Senator Butler's dictation in the enactment of legislation to the welfare of the State."

Without more specific information Senator Pritchard declined to discuss the matter further at this time.

"If the statement in the afternoon papers is true," said Mr. Skinner, "Mr. Butler has simply added one other mistake to the many he has already made. The country is safer in the hands of the minority faction of the Populist caucus, which is sustained by the great majority of the Populists in the State and nation than it would be in the hands of a boss of Butler's pretentions and determination.

J. B. H.

He Knew His Head Would Come Off.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—Secretary Carlisle has accepted he resignation of Edward J. Donovan, Collector of Internal Revenue at Boston, to take effect February 15th. There has been a good deal of speculation as to the cause of this resignation, but the Treasury Department is informed that the reasons were personal. Mr Donovan has resigned to take charge of a brewery company. He was nominated in March, 1894, and took the office April 30th next following.

It is stated by the Massachusetts delegation in Congress that Mr Donovan signalized his entrance into the Collector's office by dismissing all the Republican employees and a number of Grand Army men as well. He is reported to have believed that the Massachusetts Republicans would demand his official head as soon as the McKinley administration came into power, and it is therefore said he determined to forestall this action by a voluntary retirement.

Zabalza on the Move.

Havana, Jan. 28.—Col Zabalza with his column left San Jose De Las Lajas in the province of Havana, for the purpose of making a reconnoissance. In the Chavez hills the column met the combined rebel parties of Castillo and other leaders, who received the troops with a heavy fire of musketry. The rebels then deployed and the positions they took cut off the retreat of the troops.

Col. Zabalza ordered a cavalry charge which the rebels resisted with remarkable strength, but they were finally driven away, leaving on the field thirty nine of their dead, all of whom had been killed by the machetes of the cavalry. The troops had six men wounded.

Captain Gen. Weyler, according to the last report of his movements, is at Caimital near the Hanabana river on the border of the Matanzas and Santa Clara provinces.

Arrested for Murder.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan. 27—Arthur Palmer of Mamaroneck, N. Y., was arrested by Captain O'Mally and Detective Gocking of the St. Louis force at the Planters' Hotel this afternoon. Palmer is a handsome, well dressed man about forty five years old and has been at the hotel for a week, registered as Paul Jones.

The arrest was made on a long distance telephone message from Sheriff Johnson of Westchester county, N Y who said that Palmer murdered his mother, brother and sister nine days ago and fled to parts unknown. The sheriff telephoned that Palmer had been traced to St. Louis and could probably be found at one of the hotels During his stay at the hotel Palmer kept closely to his room When on the ground floor he would find a secluded corner in the library away from the crowd

At 2:30 o'clock this afternoon Police Captain O'Mally and Detective Gocking located Palmer at the Planters Manager Cunningham pointed him out sitting in a corner of the library. When told that he was a prisoner Palmer collapsed and had to be helped to the patrol wagon He was in such apparent helplessness that officers did not press him with questions.

THE GREAT FROST KING

HOLDS HIGH CARNIVAL THROUGHAUT THE COUNTRY.

Baltimore Has Seven Inches of Snow.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 28 —Sleighing always a novelty in Baltimore and today thousands took advantage of the opportunity to enjoy the unusual sport About seven inches of snow fell yesterday evening and last night, the most severe storm of the present winter. In fact, there have been few heavier snow falls in this city than that of yesterday since the blizzard of 1888.

Ice has fastened itself in the waters of the rivers and Chesapeake Bay and is giving trouble to the shipping interests. Several vessels are locked in by the ice. Twenty one passengers from the Ericsson Line steamer General Cadwallader, bound from Philadelphia to Baltimore, arrived here last night by train from Elkton. The General Cadwallader left Philadelphia Monday night and became imbedded in ice in the canal between Delaware City and Chesapeake City. Her propeller was broken by heavy ice, but the General Wistor went to the assistance of the disabled steamer yesterday and towed her to Chesapeake Bay.

The passengers, excepting three women, made their way to Elkton, some having to walk the distance of six miles, and came here by train. Complaints were made that the General Cadwallader was short of provisions and that but one meal was served after Monday night. The women passengers remained in Chesapeake City. Owing to the ice and necessary repairs to the canal locks no Ericsson line steamers will leave either Baltimore or Philadelphia until further notice.

Three steamers belonging to the Shriver line, which runs vessels between Baltimore Philadelphia and New York, are reported frozen in at the mouth of the Sassafras river The iceboat Annapolis started down the bay this morning in an attempt to reach them and tow them into clear water A number of oyster vessels have been temporarily abandoned, their crews walking on the ice to the shore.

The Merchants' Exchange reports that no foreign vessels are expected to get up the bay today.

A great deal of destitution in all parts of Baltimore has been brought to light by the cold snap, and every police station is being overrun with men, women and children in search of food, clothing and fuel Many cases of distressing want have thus been discovered.

Reports from western Maryland counties indicate the heaviest snow storm and the lowest temperature of the winter.

Commander Allibone All Right.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28 —The complaints which reached the Navy Department regarding the offensive attitude of Lieut. Commander Allibone, of the cruiser Columbia, towards the men under him have not been deemed by Secretary Herbert of sufficient gravity to lead to a court martial, and in a letter to the officer the Secretary has expressed his determination to take no further action in the present instance Captain Sands, Chief Engineer Harris and Lieutenant Commander Allibone have been privately reprimanded for filling some of the boilers of the Columbia to trim the ship.

$30,000 LESS RECEIPTS

This Quarter Than Corresponding Time Last Year.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28 —Postmaster General Wilson has made public the statement of postal receipts for the quarter ended December 31st, 1896 as compared with the receipts for the corresponding period of 1895 which shows a decrease of about $80,000 and is to be taken as an indication of business depression.

Beautiful Snow.

Plainfield, N. J., Jan. 28.—Ten inches of snow.

IT'S A "PLUM DAISY"

Buncombe County Criminal Court Promises to Be Interesting.

THE ASHEVILLE DEMI-MONDE AGAIN

THE HOUSES WERE PULLED BY MAYOR COCKE

In Consequence of Judge Ewart's Charge to the Grand Jury, Made at Last Term of Court.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

Asheville, N. C., January 25.

THE TRIBUNE is a "plum daisy," "best paper in the State" are a few of the many encomiums heaped upon the new Republican Raleigh daily. Today the temperature dropped from 50 to 17 degrees, and it bids fair to be the coldest day of the year.

Buncombe Criminal Court convened this morning, Judge Ewart presiding. The docket is the largest in the State. there being over 350 cases, four of which are murders.

There are many important cases, among which are State vs. ex-Sheriff Reynolds, who is charged with embezzling $48,000, money collected by him as taxes. State vs Loughran, the member of the Democratic Stste Executive Committee from the 9th district, charged with bribery of voters. State vs. L. R. R. Co., State vs. L Mutual Building and Loan Association., State vs. Swan, secret assault.

In State vs. Reynolds Hon. Cy Watson, late Democratic candidate for Governor, appears with T H. Cobb and J. D Murphy for the State, while Judge Merrimon and a long array of eminent local counsel appear for Reynolds. Reynolds was for years sheriff of this county, is largely and influentially connected, and the trial elicits great interest, and every inch of the ground will be fought. He is sanguine of acquittal.

The charge of Judge Ewart has created quite a sensation. At the last term of the Court he had called the attention of the grand jury to the notorious existence of disorderly houses, and had stated that they could only exist through collusion with the city police. This excited the ire of his Honor, the Mayor, and he made some sarcastic references to the Court, to which his Honor, Judge Ewart, made a rather spicy rejoinder.

The demi monde, frightened at Judge Ewart's charge to the grand jury, left the city in droves, but after adjournment returned. On Saturday Mayor Cocke ordered all houses raided, and his Court has been crowded since. There are those here who are uncharitable enough to say that it was done to forestall action on the part of the Criminal Court.

Upon the question, Judge Ewart had this to say:

JUDGE EWART'S CHARGE TO THE GRAND JURY.

"I congratulate the municipal authorities," said Judge Ewart in his charge to the grand jury yesterday "upon the active steps they have taken against houses of ill fame in this city. At the last term of this Court I had called the attention of the grand jury to this notorious nuisance, and had stated that it could only exist through cohusion between the proprietors of these houses and the police. In this I did not mean to convey the idea of corruption when I used the term collusion; but what I do mean, and I reiterate the statement, is that it is impossible for these house to exist in any city without the knowledge of the police that they do exist, and that whenever the police authorities determine that they shall be broken up, they are broken up.

'No sensible man supposes for a moment that the social evil can be destroyed. But though we cannot stamp out this evil, we can at least prevent it from throwing a mantle of respectability over it, and becoming so open and so serious as to disgrace the community in which they exist."

'But punishment in a mayor's court does not release these keepers of disorderly houses from punishment in the State courts, and if indicted in this court, as they should be, and convicted, you may rest assured that the full penalty of the law will be meted out to these parties.

"We have recently passed through the strain and excitement of a great election, national and State. The public press of the State has teemed with charges and counter-charges of the use of money, and the corruption of the electors at the ballot box. It has been charged that in this State, that in this county, money was secretly used in the buying and selling of votes. If this grave charge is true, if it be true that our voters can be bought and driven like sheep to the polls, then indeed have we reached a most lamentable condition of affairs.

"The bribery and corruption of the electors of this country means the speedy disruption and destruction of Republican institutions. It is your duty to diligently investigate these charges of bribery and corruption and bring the guilty parties to justice or forever silence these reckless slanderers, who put our good people in the attitude of political Esaus who have sold their birthrights for a mess of pottage.

"Again, it is charged that voters were intimidated and threatened both before and after the election with discharge and loss of employment because of their exercising the right of suffrage as they saw fit to do. I can conceive of nothing more despicable, more cowardly, more contemptible than the man who would take the bread out of the mouths of some poor woman, or perhaps little children, in order to force his fellow man to cast a vote against which his judgment and conscience rebelled. The press of this city have published accounts to the effect that a political organization in this city has openly declared the purpose of its members to give employment to no one unless it should be to a man of the politica opinions of that organization.

'This declaration is, if true, most shameful and disgraceful, and I am sure cannot and will not be countenanced by the law abiding citizens of this city and county. Besides, if carried out, it is a violation of the criminal law, and subjects those who carry out this threat to indictment and punishment. We all remember the burning and scathing words of the eloquent Bryan, the great leader of Democracy in the memorable campaign just past, when in a burst of eloquence he exclaimed: 'The man who would by threats, or menace, drive the poor employe to cast a vote against conscience sake 'were base flattery to call a coward.' The man who would drive from his humble place in the field, or factory, the laborer or operative who chooses to exercise the God given right of suffrage, and cast that ballot which his conscience and judgment dictates, merits the scorn and detestation of all brave and honorable men.

"I charge you that if any citizen in this county has been threatened with or discharged from employment on account of any vote he may have cast in the recent election, the man who so discharged him is guilty of a violation of the criminal law, and it is your sworn duty to indict him.

Judge Ewart added that it had been said that justices of the peace have not been making returns of fines in their courts. It, he said, the grand jury found this charge to be true it was the duty of that body to indict the guilty ones.

The political piepot is commencing to boil. For Collector of the 5th district we have W. R. Rollins, ex Sheriff John G. Grant and Chas. J. Harris of Jackson county. Either of the three will satisfy Western Republicans.

For U. S. District Attorney J. M. Moody is the only applicant. For the Marshalship is mentioned W. S. Hyams and ex Sheriff Grant of Henderson county. Now that C. B Moore is settled in the U. S. District Court clerkship, H. S. Haskins is certain to be the postmaster of this city. If Judge Norwood resigns the vacancy will be filled by the appointment of either P. A Cummings or John A. Hendrix of Madison county. Hon. Geo. H. Smathers would, doubtless, be appointed if he would accept it, but it is said he does not wish the place.

Populists here are generally pleased with the election of Senator Pritchard.

Snow, Fog and Heavy Sea.

Long Branch, N. J., Jan. 28.—Reports from up and down the New Jersey coast show that the prevailing snow storm is the heaviest experienced in several years in this latitude. Outside the wind is strong. Besides the snow, the weather is so thick with fog that the strongest marine glass cannot penetrate it deeper than a hundred or so yards. An uncommonly heavy sea is running at Atlantic highlands.

The surf is riding over the board walk at Asbury Park and washing sand up in ramparts.

Fire! Fire!

Youngstown, Ohio, Jan. 28.—The wholesale grocery house of Leavitt, McConnell & Co., in the Schultz block, was entirely destroyed by fire at 7 o'clock this morning. The fire was caused by a heater in the basement. Adjoining buildings were damaged, but saved by the fire department. Firemen claim there was a lack of water pressure. The losses are: Leavitt, McConnell & Co., $ 0,000, insurance $20,000; Emil Schultz, $25,000, insurance, $10,000

Killed by Burglars.

Chattanooga, Tenn., Jan. 28 —At an early hour this morning Virgil Moore, a well to do groceryman of this city, was called to his store by the ringing of a burglar alarm, He surprised four whitemen in the act of pillaging the place, but when ordered to throw up their hands, they opened fire on him at close range, inflicting wounds from which he died later. One of the robbers was wounded, and left a trail of blood through the snow to the bank of the Tennessee river.

The Plague.

Bombay, Jan. 28 —The official report issued shows that there have been 4,395 cases of the Bubonic plague and 4,275 deaths from the disease in the city of Bombay, and 694 cases and 664 deaths from the plague have occurred at Karachi There have been 65 cases and 60 deaths at Poonah, and a few cases have appeared at Kathlawar, Suret, Kutch, Baroda and other places.

A Family Freezes to Death.

St. Louis, Mo., Jan 28.—A special from Little Rock, Ark., says that a family named Morton, consisting of father, mother and three children, froze to death last night in their home near Mount Ida, Montgomery county. Ark That section of the State has suffered a lower temperature during the past few days than ever before.

Charged With Bribery.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 28 —President R E King, R. O Breuer and J. E Leatherman, members of the Board of Aldermen, were indicted by the grand jury this afternoon. King is charged with bribery and Leatherman and Breuer with attempting to secure money for their votes in the board.

Suspension of Navigation.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 28 —The heavy ice in the Ohio has caused a total suspension of navigation. All the upper and lower boats have tied up in the canal.

NOMINATION OPPOSED

Senator Jones, Chairman of the Democratic National Committee

CARRYING THE WAR INTO "AFRICA"

OPPOSES THE NOMINATION OF A GOLD STANDARD DEMOCRAT

But the Candidate Was Defended By Both the Republicans and the Democrats.

Washington, D. C., Jan 28.—For more than an hour the Senate this afternoon discussed in executive session the nomination of Wm. S. Forman of Illinois to be Commissioner of Internal Revenue, and fully confirmed him by a vote of 41 to 15. The opposition was based almost entirely upon Mr. Forman's conduct in the recent campaign.

Senator Jones, Chairman of the National Democratic Committee said he opposed the candidacy of Mr. Forman with much reluctance, but he could not permit his attack upon the regular ticket of the Democratic party to pass unheeded, especially as they were brought to the attention of the country by the appointment to such an important position of the man who had made them. Remarks along similar lines were made by Senators Berry and Stewart. Mr. Chandler antagonized the nomination because the nominee was a Democrat, who stood on a platform declaring for the single gold standard and free trade.

Mr. Forman was defended by Senators Cullom and Hale, Republicans, and Messrs. Mills and Palmer, Democrats, all of whom spoke of his high character as a man and his eminent fitness for the place They argued that the vacancy came about in the ordinary course, and no violence had been done any man or any party in placing Mr. Forman in office.

The roll call showed that silver Democrats, the silver bolting Republicans and the solitary vote of Mr. Chandler formed the voting opposition.

Other nominations were confirmed by the Senate as follows:

Charles B Howry, Mississippi, Judge of the Court of Claims; Frank Dyer Chester, of Massachusetts, United States Consul at Budapest, Hungary.

Postmasters: Alabama, C. C. Collier, Blockton; Louisiana, F M. Mumford St. Francisville; Miss ssippi, Belle Knox, Clinton; Mrs. Jennie Curtis, Thibodeaux

HOUSE.

Several interesting, and at times humorous and acrimonious, political speeches were unexpectedly precipitated upon the House today, during which the consideration of the Indian appropriation bill began on Monday last, was concluded, and the bill passed, with some material changes, all reducing the scope of the measure.

Mr. Wadsworth (Rep., N. Y.), chairman of the Committee on Agriculture, had called up the bill making appropriations for the year 1897-'98, and following Mr. Sherman's course in the management of the Indian bill, yielded the floor to Mr. Grosvenor (Rep., Ohio). That gentleman used the opportunities thus accorded him to defend the State of Ohio from what he termed the false charges of ex-Governor Altgeld, made in the latter's speech at the banquet given him last week to mark the close of his gubernatorial term. These related to the great increase in the votes of several States at the November election, Ohio being one, which Altgeld said was largely fraudulent and which had defrauded Bryan of a victory which he had fairly won. Mr. Grosvenor said the increase was in both the Republican and Democrat votes and had no taint of fraud in it.

Mr Grosvenor was followed in the same line by other Republicans, and then Mr. DeArmond (Dem., Mo.), took the floor.

After briefly adverting to ex-Governor Altgeld's charges, he read from newspaper publications shortly after the election to show that there was some ground for them, so far as Ohio was concerned. He intimated that Altgeld would soon have the privilege of replying to the speeches of the Athenian representative (Grosvenor) on the floor. He turned his attention to Secretary Morton, using as a basis for his remarks the recent bulletin issued by the agricultural department showing the illiteracy and poverty of the States which voted for Bryan as compared with those of the McKinley States, and denounced it as a slander upon the men whom the Department of Agriculture was supposed to particularly represent. He appealed to the Republicans to find a place for the Secretary in the museum as a curiosity of modern political life and administration. In conclusion, he quoted Gray's lines:

"Full many a whim of purest ray serene,
The dark, unfathomed dreams of Morton bear;
Full many a wheel is formed to whir unseen,
And waste its fleetness 'neath J. Sterling's hair."

This being ended, the committee rose, and at 5:10 o'clock the House adjourned.

During the day M Grout (Rep, Vt.) reported the appropriation bill for the District of Columbia; Mr. Thomas (Rep., Mich.) gave notice that on Wednesday next he would ask the House to consider the report of Elections Committee No. 3, on the contest of Cornell vs. Swanson, from the Fifth Virginia district, and Mr. Powers (Rep. Vt.) presented the report of the conferees on the bill to enable the purchasers of the Atlantic and Pacific railroad to form a corporation.

Venezuela Matters.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—Justice Brewer of the Supreme Court today practically confirmed the report that Chief Justice Fuller and himself had been selected as arbitrators on behalf of Venezuela in the matter of the settlement of the boundary line dispute between that country and Great Britain. The formal signing of the treaty has not yet been done, but Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and Senor Andrade, the Venezuelan minister, have been in daily conference, and it is understood that the Convention is now ready for signatures. While these conferences have bean in progress, various matters of detail, it is said, have been considered and determined on by the parties to the controversy, one of which was the choice by Venezuela of Chief Justice Fuller and Justice Brewer as its arbitrators.

ACCIDENTALLY SHOT A MAN

J. B. MELVIN THE MAN SHOT AND DUDLEY SHAW THE SHOOTIST.

Shaw Surrenders—Coroner's Inquest.

Special to THE TRIBUNE.

Wilmington, N. C., Jan. 28.—J. B. Melvin was accidentally shot and killed this morning at Delta, thirty miles from here. Dudley Shaw had been showing Melvin a pistol, and was putting it on the shelf, when it discharged. The bullet went into Melvin's temple, coming out at the back of the head, killing him instantly. Melvin leaves a wife and one boy, who live in Wilmington. Shaw surrendered. Shaw was a clerk in the store of Melvin's uncle, near where the tragedy occurred. The coroner's inquest is to be held.

H. W. P.

Parliament News

London, Jan. 28—In the House of Commons today Sir George Baden Powell asked the government to inform the House of the date upon which the report of the Pacific Cable Commission would be presented. Mr. Jos. Chamberlain, Secretary of State for the Colonies, said that no date for presenting the report to Parliament had as yet been fixed, as the report would first be made the subject of confidential discussion by the Colonial Ministers. Mr. R. W. Hanburg, Financial Secretary to the Treasury, stated that the government had not yet decided upon the question of extending the Halifax and Bermuda cable to the West Indies.

Tugs Stranded.

Wilmington, N C., Jan. 28 —The tugs Jones and Blanche went to the British steamer Ardrichaig, stranded on Frying Pan Shoals this morning, but the tide was not high enough to get the vessel off This afternoon thirty hands went to lighten the steamer of her cargo and tugs will pull on her tonight at high tide. The steamer is reported to be lying easy and in good condition.

"Vive Russie."

Paris, Jan. 28.—Count Muravieff, the newly appointed head of the Russian Foreign Office, arrived at Paris this morning A large crowd of persons assembled at the station to await his coming and greeted him with cheers and cries of "Vive Russie" as he made his appearance.

More Spanish Denials.

London, Jan. 28 --A dispatch from Madrid to the Central News says that Premier Canovas has made a formal denial that any negotiations for a new commercial treaty between Spain and the United States are in progress, as has been alleged.

Snow Storm Cuts a Figure.

New York, Jan. 28.—The heavy snow storm was a factor in the dry goods market operations today and the attendance of buyers, in both commission and jobbing circles, was slim. The general situation is without change in either cotton or woolen goods.

Favors the Ratification of the Arbitration Treaty.

London, Jan. 28—The British and Foreign Arbitration Association has cabled to Washington a petition to the United States Senate in favor of the ratification of the Anglo-American arbitration treaty.

An Ohio Town Badly Damaged.

Columbus, Ohio, Jan. 28.—Fire this morning destroyed almost the entire business portion of the town of Canterburg, 50 miles north of here, on Cleveland, Akron and Columbus Railway. Loss, $75 000.

Catholic Clergy Manifesto.

Dublin, Jan. 28 —A manifesto, largely signed by the Catholic clergy, has been issued in denunciation of the recent course of the factions of the Irish party and declaring that the Irish national party has now reached its lowest stage of efficiency.

Too Busy.

Ottawa, Ont., Jan. 28 —Owing to pressure of public business, Premier Laurier has declined the invitation of the Washington's birthday celebration committee of Chicago to speak at a banquet to be held there on February 22 next.

THE N. C. PIONEER POPULISTS

Issue Their Address to the People of the United States.

RINGING WORDS OF TRUTH

EQUAL RIGHTS TO ALL AND SPECIAL PRIVILEGES TO NONE.

Butler Called Down and a Protest Against Tyranny—A Populist History of Much Interest.

At a full meeting of the Populist caucus held last evening, the following address was issued:

The Populist caucus of the People's Party of this General Assembly desires to present to the Populists of the State some facts and sentiments that are of great importance to our party. Our position on the Senatorial question is justified by every reasonable Populist, by every precedent in the party's past history, and the very existence of the party, we think, depends upon the policies and principles and persons we have the honor to represent.

We have been so unjustly misrepresented and so basely villified, our motives and our actions have been so vilely misconstrued, by unscrupulous Democrats and by the Butler Populists, otherwise known as the majority, that we deem a few words necessary in order to allow the truth to prevail. We are pioneer Populists, and we allow no man to misinterpret our loyalty to our party, our principles and our State. When we became Populists we expected "equal rights to all and special privileges to none," but we regret to be compelled to say that some of our leaders are practicing the worst species of bossism that ever disgraced any party, and we think it our duty to protest against such tyranny.

We, as Populist members of the General Assembly, aided in the organization of the Populist caucus, believing that each member was entitled to all the rights and privileges of every other member. Scarcely had we organized the caucus when Senator Utley, of Wake, introduced the following resolution:

"Resolved, by the People's party members of the General Assembly in caucus assembled, that we abide by the decision of the majority in all our deliberations." This iron-clad resolution was intended to bind the opinions, consciences and manhood of every member. The aim was to deny to the minority the right of representation, to deny them the right to vote for men and measures that they desired to vote for, and for which many of them were pledged to their constituents.

This rule bound them to legislative acts which they had pledged themselves for and against before the people, and in fact destroyed every vestige of personal opinion by any gentleman, and we deem such a policy detrimental to the interest of the party.

Such high handed bossism did not suit men of independence and men who for years have opposed such things in the Democratic party. So intolerant were those of the majority that in discussing the Senatorial question they allowed their speakers almost unlimited time to argue their side of the matter, while they allowed us very little time, and the chairman even so prostituted his office as to seldom recognize any but those who believed with him.

To further gag the minority and bind them like slaves, they passed this resolution:

"Resolved, That it is the determination of this caucus never to endorse Senator Pritchard for the United States Senate."

Whereupon nineteen men, unwilling to be servile tools of a boss, walked out of the caucus and organized another one, where freedom of speech and thought and action was tolerated and where men could vote according to the dictates of their own consciences. They resolved as follows:

"The following members of the Senate and House of Representatives, in conference assembled, desire to say by resolution that we enter our solemn protest against the high-handed method of gag rule perpetrated on us by the majority of the Populist caucus last night, and after having listened on our part with great patience to the views of the majority faction, according them one and two hours for each speaker, without protest or murmuring, when we asked to have time to discuss our side of the question we were unceremoniously told by the majority faction that we could have only ten minutes each; that after we had appealed to the leaders and members of the majority faction to give us time for free and fair discussion of the Senatorial question and time to hear from our constituents upon this important question, they absolutely refused to agree to consider the question at any other time, and so cut off discussion by unfair and filibustering tactics.

"Therefore be it resolved, first, That we inform our brethren who compose the other faction, that when they desire the cooperation of this faction they must assure us by resolution that they are willing to afford us a fair discussion at some future time, to be agreed upon by both factions; that then, and not until then we will consent to again sit together."

(Signed) T. E. McCaskey, chairman; J. F. Newsom, J. M. Early, G. L. Hardison, G. H. Cannon, D. Reid Parker, R. H. W. Baker, E. E. Wakefield, H. E. Hodges, C. J. Yarborough, J. E. Bryan, T. H. Rountree, J. G. Harris, Frank Brown, L. A. Abernathy, C. M. Babbitt, J. H. Parker, J. J. White, C. C. Fagan.

To prove that the majority were guilty of gag rule, we refer to a resolution they afterwards passed which admits the fact. They say we "regret any action on the part of the majority which may have seemed unfair and oppressive to the minority." As evidence of the desire of the minority to have harmony ever after such unjust treatment, they passed the following resolution:

"Resolved, That we inform J. W. Atwater, chairman of the majority of the Populist faction, that we accept the disclaimer sent us Saturday night, and in reply would say we would agree to cooperate with the majority faction upon all matters of general legislation, but subject to our return we demand that each member of the caucus be left entirely free upon the Senatorial question, as his conscience tells him is the most honorable course to pursue; and that we ask the appointment of a conference committee, to act with a like committee appointed, who will report to this conference Wednesday night some agreement to be accepted or rejected."

They, the minority, also passed this:

"Resolved, 1. That no one be allowed to sit with the caucus of the Populist party members of the Legislature who did not vote for our nominee for the United States Senate, Dr. Cyrus Thompson.

2. That no person be allowed to attend the meetings of this caucus who did not favor and support said nominee.

3. That we will be governed by the majority rule of this caucus and will vote in open session of the Legislature in accordance with the decisions of this caucus in all matters coming before the same."

They refused to accept this and thus showed themselves false Populists and boss ridden tools, who cared nothing for the Populist party and who would wreck it in order to vent their personal hatred.

Not stopping at these outrages, they next proceeded to the most diabolical edict that ever disgraced a body of Populists. Senator Butler is the author and a majority of the majority endorses this article.

It is due quite a number of honorable gentlemen who voted for Mr. Thompson to say that they did not endorse and do not endorse this diabolical scheme of Senator Butler to drive out the best and brainiest Populists in the State from the party; nor do they subscribe to his efforts to land the Populists in the Democratic party.

We honor these gentlemen for their protest against such things, and we feel assured that they will vote for such men and measures as they see fit, independent of this Tammany. They said in the address: "To accomplish such a result, i. e. the Populists, it was necessary for them to find some one or more prominent member of the People's party whom they could influence to barter their principles and become their agents and tools to carry out a conspiracy to corrupt, debauch, and, if necessary, split the People's party to accomplish their purpose."

They then proceed to refer to us as "arch traitors," as "agents," as forming a "hellish plot," as being influenced "by direct proposition and overtures, coupled with considerations," by accepting "a mess of pottage in the shape of Federal patronage from the McKinley pie counter," they refer to us as that "corruptive portion" and to our actions as that "hell-conceived conspiracy." "We are nothing but Republicans," they say, and close by saying that they "must purge their ranks; this purging must be done. It cannot be begun too soon. January 28th, the Butlerites reissued an address containing all the above charges and even went further in their tirade of abuse and villification and lies, saying:

"Seventeen members of the Legislature of North Carolina, calling themselves Populists, under the traitorous direction of Congressman Harry Skinner, aided and abetted by prominent Populists of other States, high in the councils of the party, have committed this crime and have been promptly repudiated and expelled from the organization, and, therefore, branded as traitors to the basic principles of good government and enemies to the welfare of humanity.

"The seductive but slimy snake of fusion has, no doubt, stuck its poisonous fangs to a greater or less depth into the organization of the People's party in many other States. Therefore this purging must also be done. It cannot be begun too soon.

"The presence of this disease was painfully and dangerously evident at the last National convention of the People's party."

Search the records of Ransom's ring rule, Tom Platt's trickery, and Tweed's rascality and you cannot find such infamous misrepresentation, such base ingratitude, such low down public debauchery as Senator Butler here finds himself guilty of. In the name of principle, in the name of religion, in the name of L. L. Polk, he tries to brand as boodlers, black-legs, traitors and thugs the noblest and truest and ablest Populists in North Carolina and in the United States.

In his attempt to kill the People's party and carry the thoughtless portion of it into the Democratic party he has displayed the littleness of a child, the falsehoods of the trickster and proven himself unworthy the notice of honest men in any party. It was these very same "traitors," "agents," etc., who elected Mr. Butler as Senator and who elected the majority to the Legislature. It was these same men who stood with Tom Watson and saw this National chairman sell out to the Democrats, and we see him today branded as the chief traitor of the age in every State in the Union. Such falsehoods are meaningless without some proof. Why don't these men give some evidences where we have been corrupted, etc.

Until they do so, honest people will be reminded of the story of the devil quoting scripture. They curse out fusion when these very men started the fusion in this State, and pledged their sacred honor to abide by it, but they were the first to play traitor to their allies, and now are cursing the true Populists who love honor and integrity. It was, also, these very men who forced goldbug Sewall on the People's party hoping thereby to get some pie. We brand all these statements or misrepresentations, unwarranted by acts or intimations. Our only crime is that we carried out the contract our party had made, and elected a silver Republican to the United States Senate.

Senator Butler came to Raleigh and in the caucuses advocated a silver Republican, thereby admitting the contract. But to vent his personal spite and to gratify his personal ambition he attempts to split our party and to land it where he has been heading for some time—in the Democratic ranks. We will not follow him there; we left our homes expecting to re-elect Senator Pritchard if he was the nominee of the Republican party, provided he was for free silver 16 to 1. He gave each of us his written statement that he will ever uphold this and other reform measures advocated by the Populist party.

If Senator Pritchard proves false to the promise and votes for the single gold standard, then let us be criticized and not before. What more do the people want? They expected a silver Republican to be elected; such a one is elected, and that is the truth of the whole matter; only Senator Butler is convinced that there is some manhood left in the Populist party, and this troubles him. We have the assurance that the bolting men and the masses of the Populist party will endorse our course. We acted, as we believed, for the best interests of our party and our principles, without hope of reward or fear of punishment. And time will prove the wisdom of our actions. We bow the knee to no boss or clique, we voted without any reward, or hope of reward, but we fear the opposition cannot prove such a clear record. We have intimations that some of them were acting with an eye single to their personal aggrandizement. It is well to remember that Senator Butler and his allies have the ready assistance of the Democrats—they are working in perfect accord with them, they are brethren. The Democratic papers and the so called Populist paper are exactly on a parity, advocating the same things.

We beg the people who are with us in this matter of saving our party to consider well before they believe the "conspiracies" and "corruption" that these allies of Democracy are spreading broadcast all over the State. We brand such productions as the product of Democratic brains, reflected through so called Populist papers. We are willing to now vote for such measures as will bless the people of the State. We will carry out every pledge made to the people. We will not block legislation.

We, as Populists, desire the cooperation of all true Populists in carrying out the Populist platform and the cooperation movement with the Republican party, which things were endorsed by 40,000 majority in the late election. The Republican party has, and we believe will, stand true to the compact, and we desire that unity of co-operation that was expected by the people of the State.

We hereby pledge ourselves that our conduct will be only such as becomes patriots and true Populists. The Butlerites have ruled us out of all considerations with them, and we accept the situation with due deliberation, but should any of them desire to vote for such men and measures as are for the good of the State and the party we shall be glad to receive their support.

THE BOUNDARY LINE

And the Monroe Doctrine in the Hands of Justice Brewer.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—The selection of Justice Brewer who, for a year or so has been the head of the commission appointed by President Cleveland to make an investigation of the boundary line question for the United States, is accepted as proof that the conclusions reached by the commission, which as yet have been withheld from the public, are that Venezuela's claims are well founded. If it were otherwise, it is claimed, Venezuela would not commit her case to an unfriendly arbitrator.

Sir Julian Pauncefote and Senor Andrade expect to complete the boundary arbitration treaty and sign it in time to send the Venezuelan copy to Carcacas for ratification by the steamer leaving New York for La Guayara a week from today. The delay in the negotiations has been caused altogether by the conceded desirability of naming the arbitrators in the draft instead of providing for their subsequent selection. It was decided that considerable time might be saved in this way, which would also present the additional advantage of making known to both the contracting parties who the individual arbitrators would be before the ratifications. This suggestion, which came from Venezuela, received the prompt acquiescence of Lord Salisbury, and it is understood that the four representatives have already been named. The place of meeting is also understood to be closed by agreement on Geneva, Switzerland, instead of Brussels, proposed by Great Britain and Washington as proposed by Venezuela.

NORTH CAROLINA MAN

Found Dead In His Room at Norfolk

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 28.—Early this afternoon the body of a man was found in a room at the Mansion House. It was afterwards identified as that of David Hilliard, a son of the late Judge Lewis Hilliard, once prominent as a cotton man. Hilliard registered at the hotel Sunday night. He was out Monday night, but went to his room Tuesday night and was not again seen alive. From the condition of the body, it is thought that he had been dead at least 36 or 48 hours. It is thought to be a case of deliberate suicide, though the only clue so far discovered is an empty pill box which was in a waste basket by the bed. It is probable he took from this the drug that ended his life. The body is at the morgue and an inquest will be held tomorrow. The deceased lived in North Carolina, probably at Edenton, and leaves a wife. He had been away from Norfolk a number of years.

Fruitless Ballots.

Salt Lake, Utah, January 28.—Three fruitless ballots for United States Senator were taken today. A lady, Mrs. E. K. La Barthe, who is a member of the lower house, received four votes.

The result of the final ballot was: Thacher, 20; Rawlins Dem., 16; Henderson, Dem., 14; Harris, Dem., 3; Kearns, Rep., 3; La Barthe, Dem., 4; Chambers, Dem., 1; Powers, Dem., 1.

An effort made by some of the Democratic leaders to settle the dead lock in caucus has fallen through, the supporters of the three leading candidates being afraid of each other and objecting to the unit rule. There is no election in sight at present.

Factories Had to Close Down.

Newark, N. J., Jan. 28.—The heavy snow storm which set in last night in this city and still continues, worked havoc with trolley car service today. Several factories had to close down because of lack of help. Their hands were unable to reach the factories because of the storm.

LYMAN GAGE THE MAN

He Will Be Secretary of the Treasury—His Appointment Demanded.

SIX MEN FOR CABINET POSITIONS

JOHN SHERMAN, LYMAN GAGE, NATHAN GOFF, JOS. McKENNA, LONG AND WILSON.

"I Have Been Tendered the Appointment and Have Accepted," Says Mr. Gage, and That Settles It.

Canton, Ohio, Jan. 28.—Lyman J. Gage, who will be the next Secretary of the Treasury, arrived at Major McKinley's house a few minutes before 3 o'clock this afternoon. He was warmly welcomed by the President-elect, who straightway withdrew with him for a private conference, which lasted till 6 o'clock. The President-elect and his Secretary of the Treasury had a full and very satisfactory talk, in which they discussed at length the financial and tariff policies of the next administration, and considered the problems that would call for immediate solution by means of legislation.

The president-elect and Mr. Gage are in thorough accord upon all financial, political and economic policies. The demand for Mr. Gage's appointment came from nearly every commercial center in the country and from men of both parties. He is indorsed not only by the business world, but by many labor organizations as well. The direct claim is made in nearly all of the mass of letters and telegrams which have reached Maj. McKinley respecting Mr. Gage that the direct effect of his appointment will be to hasten and render certain the restoration of confidence. Maj. McKinley has been thinking about Mr. Gage for several weeks in connection with the Treasury portfolio, but had been led to believe that he could not accept it.

It has also been Maj. McKinley's intention from the day he was elected to choose a Western man for Secretary of the Treasury, if he could find an available man. Mr. Gage meets all of the requirements, but his appointment does not remove from the list of cabinet possibilities the name of Charles Emory Smith, who would in all probability have been made Secretary of State if the office had been filled by an Eastern man. It may be safely assumed that Maj. McKinley has decided at present upon six men for his cabinet, though he has not formally tendered all of them portfolios. The men who are regarded as certain of appointment are John Sherman, Lyman J. Gage, Nathan Goff, Joseph McKenna, John D. Long and James Wilson, of Iowa, for Secretary of Agriculture. Gen. R. A. Alger's appointment as Secretary of War is probable, but by no means certain. The one remaining portfolio which is not likely to be tendered before the middle or last of February, will doubtless go to a New Yorker or a Pennsylvanian. Mr. Gage said this evening and authorized the Southern Associated Press to say: "I have been tendered the appointment of Secretary of the Treasury by Maj. McKinley, and have accepted it."

Among Major McKinley's callers today were four colored bishops, B. W. Arnett, Ohio; W. J. Gaines, Alanta; Jos. Handy, Baltimore, and J. W. Derrick, New Kork.

BRAINED HIS WIFE AND CHILDREN.

Spattering the Walls With Blood—His Reason Had Left Him.

Wayne, Neb., Jan. 28—While in a fit of madness, C. K. Rash brained his wife and three children with an axe and then hacked the bodies to pieces last night. The walls and ceiling were spattered with blood. The body of Mrs. Rash was found on the bed with her head so badly battered that it was scarcely recognizable. In an adjoining room lay the bodies of the children. Up stairs in a loft lay the husband of the family. His vacant stare and wandering talk showed that reason had left him. The maniac was placed in restraint. The cause of his action is a mystery. The family was in moderate circumstances and esteemed highly. They lived on a farm ten miles south of this city.

Florida Suffers.

Jacksonville, Fla., Jan. 28.—Florida was visited this morning by the coldest weather of the winter, the mercury falling in Jacksonville to 21 degrees and to 30 degrees at Tampa, in the south west and central portions of the State. Vegetables as far south as Sanford were badly hurt, but not entirely ruined. The orange and other semi tropical fruit interests were not damaged to any considerable degree. The fortunate feature of the freeze was that it was of short duration. The lowest temperature was reported in the State at 6 o'clock this morning, and by 9 o'clock the weather had greatly moderated.

The Sun.

The first of American Newspapers, CHARLES A. DANA, Editor.

The American Constitution, the American Idea, the American Spirit. These first, last and all the time, forever.

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We have sold them for thirty years and have testimonials from many of our customers who have been using them from twenty to twenty-five years; the Stoves are better and the prices are cheaper than ever before.

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Our stock is complete in every line. We are leaders in Low Prices. We invite you to examine our stock and get our prices before buying.

OFFICE AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES A SPECIALTY.

W. G. SEPARK, Manager.

TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES.

A DIFFERENT REFRACTION in the two eyes of the same person is quite common. One eye may be correct and the other long-sighted or far-sighted, or they may have different degrees of same defect or one eye may be far-sighted and the other near-sighted. No charge for testing eyes.

TWO EYES.

H. MAHLER'S SONS,
Jewelers and Opticians,
RALEIGH, N. C.

TWO EYES. TWO EYES. TWO EYES.

J. H. GILL, Founder and Machinist

McDowell and Davie Street, Raleigh.

Columns for Buildings, Caps and Bases, Sash Weights, Cotton Planters, Plow and Plow Castings, Fire Dogs, and all kinds of Castings.

UNION PACIFIC R. R.

Populist Allen Wants the President to Pay Liens and Take Possession.

THE MONETARY CONFERENCE

LENGTHY DISCUSSION, IN WHICH ALTGELD CUTS A FIGURE.

The President Will Be Empowered to Call the Conference at Such a Point as May Be Agreed Upon.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 28.—The proposed sale of the property of the Union Pacific railroad under foreclosure proceedings instituted by the Attorney-General is sought to be impeded and prevented by a resolution offered in the Senate today by Mr. Allen, the Populist Senator from Nebraska. It instructs the Pacific railroad committee to inquire and report whether under existing law the executive department has the authority to foreclose the lien, and to sell the property without additional legislation, and whether it is not the duty of the President to redeem and pay off the paramount liens and take possession of the property, and it directs the Attorney-General to refrain from entering into further stipulations or agreements pending the inquiry.

In a speech in support of the resolution Mr. Allen insisted that under existing law it was the duty of the President not to direct foreclosure, but to pay off all paramount liens and take possession of the property. To an inquiry by Mr Platt (Rep. Conn.), whether the remedies provided in the statute were cumulative or were alternative, Mr. Allen replied that the language was such as to shut out the idea of the remedies being alternative. He also declared that the price named in the agreement with the re-organization committee was not equal to 35 per cent of the value of the property. The resolution went over without action, Mr. Thurston (Rep., Neb.) stating his desire to speak upon it tomorrow.

The bill for a commission to an international monetary conference was taken up, and Mr. Chandler (Rep., N. M.), made a short statement in favor of it. He said that it did not compel the President to initiate the conference and that such compulsion was not desirable. He had no desire to take from the President-elect his responsibility for action or non-action in view of Mr. McKinley's letter of acceptance stating that the Republican party had declared in favor of an international agreement, and that it would be his duty if elected to employ all proper means to promote it. He subsequently, however, accepted an amendment offered by Mr. Bacon (Dem., Ga.), giving the President authority specifically to call an international conference at such point as may be agreed upon.

All the rest of the time that was left of the morning hour, to which the consideration of the bill was limited, was occupied by Mr. Stewart (Pop., Nev.), in a speech recounting the ills inflicted upon the poor by the gold standard, but declaring in the end that he would allow the bill to pass in any form that its friends desired.

Notice of a desire to speak on the measure was given by Mr. Pettigrew (Sil., S. D.), and then the bill went over. Mr. Chandler stating that he would ask the Senate to vote on it tomorrow.

The Senate then went into executive session and remained in it until half past four, when legislative business was resumed.

Several bills were taken from the calendar and passed, and at 5:15 the Senate adjourned until tomorrow.

NEW YORK THE STORM CENTRE

IT STARTED ALONG THE ATLANTIC COAST OF THE CAROLINAS.

Second Greatest Storm For Many Years.

New York, Jan. 28.—New York awoke this morning to face the heaviest snowfall in this region for some years. It started on Wednesday evening a drift kept up a continuous downfall until the city was buried at 10 a. m. today beneath a robe of over ten inches deep.

The storm started from the South Atlantic coast along the Carolinas. Moving north it came in contact with the colder temperature in this latitude and also struck a steady, cold breeze from the northwest. This made New York the storm centre.

While snow was falling all over the Middle Atlantic States, this region got the heaviest dose by far.

Delays in all sorts of traffic clogged surface lines congested thoroughfares, crowding and yelling truckmen, nervous and pushing pedestrians, the loud grinding of snow plows and the determined work of the cartmen and shovelers made up the regulation tableau that always comes with a metropolitan storm.

Cable lines were troubled with slippery cables, which made passage slow and halting on them, too. So that a large amount of passenger traffic was diverted to the elevated roads.

Suburban trains were behind schedule and Western trains on all lines were an hour or two late.

The snowfall in this vicinity was the heaviest since the historic blizzard of 1888. The record breaker scored two and a half feet on a level, while the storm of today has ten and a half inches to its credit.

The storm effectually closed the port this forenoon and tonight, no vessels venturing out or attempting to come in past the bar. During the afternoon, however, a number of vessels which had anchored inside the Hook passed out, and a few of those due which had been keeping off shore came in.

BUILDING ASSOCIATIONS.

Seven of Them In Knoxville, Tenn., Go to the Wall.

Knoxville, Tenn., Jan. 28.—A receiver was appointed today for the Covenant Building and Loan Association of this city, making the seventh one to go under during the last ten days. Of the nine building and loan associations doing business in this city there are now only two, and they are doomed to go within the next few days. The panic in building and loan associations in this city was caused by a decision of the Supreme Court, which provides that where a borrower forfeited his property that the association must pay him back such amount as he had paid in. Following this hundreds of suits were at once begun, and then the people who had money invested began to withdraw it. Applications for withdrawal came so fast that money could not be obtained to pay off one third of them. Public sentiment was bitterly opposed to the associations, and the result was that they went into receivers' hands and the seven will be wound up. The Southern, which was the second one to fail, is the largest in the world and had stockholders in every Northern, Eastern and Southern State and many of those in the West. In nearly every instance the associations were in a perfectly solvent condition when the receiver was appointed.

MIDWINTER CONCERT

In Which Amateur and Professional Talent are Engaged.

Winston, N. C., Jan. 28, 1897.

The Mid Winter concert of the Salem Female Academy was given tonight and will be repeated tomorrow night. This occasion is looked forward to with great interest by the music-loving people of the Twin-City. It is made up of amateur and professional talent of the college, and coming as it does in the midst of the winter, is an event of unusual enjoyment. Though a driving snow was falling, a large and enthusiastic audience manifested their interest in being present.

The organ solo by Prof. Schisky and the violin number by Prof. Buckman were marked features, while the strong elocution selections by Miss Scriber was, as usual, followed by rounds of applause. Miss Tracy's and Miss Morrison's vocal selections were also warmly received. The closing chorus, "By Babylon's Wave," (Gounod), was rendered by a chorus of 200 voices, with piano and grand organ accompaniment, has probably had no equal in musical power within our State this winter.

Music, such as is heard at old Salem, is seldom heard outside of the great cities.

We note that the roll of students is large this year, even though the year in which a Presidential election falls is not usually a good one for schools. On the register are found names from all the Southern States, very many from Northern States, from Cuba, Brazil, Japan, Alaska, and the principal informs your correspondent he is now corresponding with parties in other foreign lands relative to prospective pupils.

This college will soon celebrate its centennial, and the occasion will be one of more than State interest, as our entire Southland claims the old academy as its property.

The special term of court which was ordered held here by the Governor, adjourned yesterday, but before adjournment, in a happy speech, E. B. Jones, of the bar, presented his Honor Judge Hoke with a handsome gold headed cane.

One of the leading members of the bar told me that Judge Hoke is one of the best Judges on the bench, and by his uniform courtesy and impartial decisions has endeared himself to those with whom he came in contact. He leaves for Baltimore today on private business.

The entertainment given last night under the auspices of the City Hospital Association was a great success as $400 was raised for benefit of a most worthy purpose.

The late E. T. Clemmons, who died recently in Salem, was the pioneer of stage coach days. He made his start in life by running stages from Salem to Fayetteville. His will, which has just been probated, leaves his wife a life interest in his estate, and after her death his property is to go to the Moravian church here, which is valued at $50,000 to $100 000.

Even though the weather is cold and the mercury hovering near zero, our tobacco manufacturers are rushed shipping the manufactured weed. Last week the revenue collections here were $24,600.

C. B. Watson, Esq., late Democratic candidate for Governor, is in Asheville this week employed in the noted sheriff suit of embezzlement, before Judge Ewart.

Lieutenant Governor Reynolds, with his Private Secretary, Fred. Nisser, spent last Sunday with his family here, returning to the capital Monday morning.

To Shut Out the Brokers.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 28.—The great pool of Steel Billet Manufacturers or American Bessemer Association, regarded for a time as an invincible trust, will almost beyond doubt, be formally dissolved at a meeting to be held in Pittsburg tomorrow. The trade has been canvassed on the proposition to prevent external competition, and to throw the business into the hands of the larger concerns by purchasing the allotment of all the small firms which became dissatisfied with the pooling arrangement. This canvass has been in charge of a special committee which will report against the plan being continued. At tomorrow's meeting checks will likely be drawn and returned to the members for the amounts deposited by them as evidences of good faith when the combination was first formed.

However, while there is no probability of continuing the organization, there will likely be some plan devised to shut out the brokers. Nearly all the firms, except the Bellaire Steel Company, have sold their output for six months ahead, so that as far as they are concerned the brokers cut but a small figure. Those sales were made at figures ranging from $15 to $16.60.

Approaches a Blizzard.

Buffalo, N. Y., Jan. 28.—A heavy snow storm, accompanied by a high wind and approaching the dimensions of a blizzard, prevails here this morning, but so far has not interfered with railroad traffic.

Storm Still Raging.

New York, Jan. 28.—The storm was severely felt in Brooklyn. Traffic was almost suspended during the early hours, and it was well toward midday before the streets of the city assumed anything like their usual busy air. Trolley lines were kept open with difficulty.

THE SILVERITE CANDIDATE

Laid on the Shelf in the House of His Friends.

A DUTCH POPULIST DEFEATS HIM

"Has No Education, and of Course is a Silver Man."

Boise City, Idaho, Jan. 28.—The Senatorial contest in the Idaho State Legislature terminated today by the election of Henry Heitfelt, a Populist, to succeed Senator Dubois. The ballot was as follows: Heitfelt 39; Dubois, silver Republican, 30; T. F. Nelson, Populist, 1. Twenty five Populists, 13 Democrats and one Republican voted for the successful candidate.

Heitfelt is of German birth, with a limited command of the English language. He is 40 years of age and is a farmer in Nez Perce county. He has several times represented his county in the State Legislature, and is at present a member of the State Senate, but has never been known to make a speech. He has only a rudimentary education and is of course a free silver man.

CATTLE MARKET.

Union Stock Yards, Ill., Jan. 28.—Cattle—receipts, 10,000; market easy; common to extra steers $3.50a5.40; stockers' and feeders' $3.20a4.15; cows and bulls $1.75a3.75; Texans $3.45a4.25.

Hogs—receipts 23,000; market steady; heavy packing and shipping lots $3.30a3.47½; common to choice mixed $3.30a3.50; choice assorted $3.45a3.55; light $3.35a3.55; pigs $3.20a3.55.

Sheep—receipts 12,000; market steady; inferior to choice $2.50a3.90; lambs $3.50a5.00.

WHERE YOU MAY FIND THEM.

City Addresses of Members of the Legislature.

SENATE BY DISTRICTS.

First—J. L. Whedbee, 225 New Berne ave.
First—John F Newsom, 225 Blount st.
Second—T. E. McCaskey, Branson House, room 10.
Second—N B Yeager.
Third—James M. Early, Mrs. Ray's, Salisbury st.
Fourth—E T Clark, Mrs A M Clark, cor Bloodworth and Polk sts.
Fifth—W Lee Person, 515 South Blount st.
Sixth—A J Moye, Mrs Hutchings, 14 Martin st.
Seventh—J T Sharpe, Mrs Hutchings, West Martin st.
Seventh—J. F. Mitchell, Mrs. Whitley's, 122 New Berne ave.
Eighth—G. L. Hardison, 114 West Martin st.
Eighth—W T McCarthy, 138 West Hargett st.
Ninth—R G Maxwell, 32 Park.
Ninth—H L Grant, Park Hotel.
Tenth—George C. Cannon, Harrison House.
Eleventh—W B Henderson, 320 South Blount st.
Twelfth—C H Utley, Mrs Ellington, 226 Newbern ave.
Thirteenth—E. S. Abell, 118 North Wilmington st.
Fourteenth—Geo E Butler, 454 Fayetteville st.
Fourteenth—E N Roberson, Mansion House.
Fifteenth—Augustus Shaw, refused to tell.
Sixteenth—J McP Geddy, Mansion House.
Seventeenth—Dr. Wm. Merritt, 603 Wilmington st.
Eighteenth—E. S. Parker, Mrs. Smith, 118 North Wilmington st.
Eighteenth—J. E. Lyon, 326 Newbern ave.
Nineteenth—James W. Atwater, Mrs. M. H. Brown, 603 South Wilmington st.
Twentieth—J. A. Walker, 603 South Wilmington st.
Twenty first—A M Scales, 305 Hillsboro st.
Twenty-second—Dr. D. Reid Parker, Dr. W. H. Bobbitt, cor. Hargett and Dawson sts.
Twenty third—D A Patterson, 120 Fayetteville st.
Twenty-fourth—C. D. Barringer, 213 West Martin st.
Twenty fifth—Dr. J. B. Alexander, Mrs. Evans, 104 North McDowell st.
Twenty-sixth—S A Earnhardt.
Twenty sixth—J. A Ramsay, Miss Jennie Person, cor. Person and New Berne ave.
Twenty seventh—S. F. Shore, Hotel Florence.
Twenty-seventh—A. C. Sharpe, Mrs M. H. Brown, 603 Wilmington st.
Twenty-eighth—Rev. J. A. Ashburn, Hotel Florence.
Twenty-ninth—L H W Barker, Exchange Hotel
Twenty ninth—Milton McNeil, D T Johnson, Hillsboro st,
Thirtieth—J M Dickson, Mrs Gulick, 425 ——.
Thirty-first—James L Hyatt, Florence Hotel.
Thirty-first—E F Wakefield, 16 Branson House.
Thirty-second—M H Justice, 305 Hillsboro st.
Thirty-second—J T Anthony, 305 Hillsboro st.
Thirty third—George H. Smathers, 527 South Salisbury st.
Thirty-third—W. H. Odom, Park Hotel.
Thirty-fourth—H S Anderson, Mrs Tucker, Fayetteville st.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

S A White, Alamance, 404 Hillsboro street.
J W Watts, Alexander, ——
H F Jones, Alleghany, 425 Wilmington street.
James E Leak, Anson, ——
Spencer Blackburn, Ashe, Park Hotel, Room 47.
H E Hodges, Beaufort, Branson House, Room 10.
K W White, Bertie, Harrison House.
Sidney Meares, Bladen, 120 Fayetteville street.
W W Drew, Brunswick, ——
V S Lusk, Buncombe, Park Hotel.
W G Candler, Buncombe, ——
J H Pearson, Burke, Mrs Bagley's, E South street.
A F Hileman, Cabarrus, ——
J L Nelson, Caldwell, Park Hotel.
J E Burgess, Camden, ——
E C Duncan, Carteret, Park Hotel, Room 61.
C J Yarborough, Caswell, ——
L R Whitener, Catawba, Branson House, Room 2.
J E Bryan, Chatham, ——
L L Renn, Chatham, ——
D W Deweese, Cherokee, Mrs. Tuckers, Fayetteville street.
Richard Elliott, Chowan, ——
Wm Plott, Clay ——
B F Dixon, Cleveland. ——
J B Schulken, Columbus, 101 McDowell street.
Robt Hancock, Craven, 128 W Hargett street.
T H Sutton, Cumberland, Smith House, Hillsboro street.
W. P. Wemyss, Cumberland, Harrison House.
W. H. Gallop, Currituck, ——.
G C. Daniels, Dare, Harrison House. Room 9
J. R. McRary, Davidson 119 Hillsboro Street.
W. A. Bailey, Davie, ——.
Maury Ward, Duplin, 138 cor Jones and Dawson streets.
J. W. Umstead, Durham, 326 Newbern Avenue.
J. H. Dancy, Edgecombe, 515 South Blount street.
E. Bryant, Edgecombe, 515 South Blount street.
J. L. Grubbs, Forsyth, Florence Hotel, Room 6.
W. P. Ormsby, Forsyth, Hotel Florence, Room 6.
W. T. Barrow, Franklin, ——.
S. M. Wilson, Gaston, ——.
T. H. Rountree, Gates, Branson House. Room 17
John Dayton, Graham, ——.
W. H. Crews, Granville, 409 South Blount street.
John King, Granville, ——.
W. R. Dixon, Greene, Mrs. Hutchings, Martin street.
B. G. Chilcutt, Guilford, Harrison House, Room 18.
J C Burch, Guilford, ——.
Scotland Harris, Halifax, 515 South Blount street
J. H. Arrington, Halifax, ——.
L. B. Chapin, Harnett, 110½ Fayetteville street.
James Ferguson Haywood, Mrs. Bagley's, E. South street.
J. B. Freeman, Henderson, Mrs Tucker, Fayetteville st.
Starkey Hare, Hertford, 225 Newbern Avenue.
John G Harris, Hyde, Harrison House
John R McLelland, Iredell, Park Hotel.
J A Hartness, Iredell, ——
J B Ensley, Jackson, Mrs. Smith's, cor Newbern avenue and Person street.
Claude W Smith, Johnston, Park Hotel
C M Creech, Johnston, 36 Newbern avenue.
H F Brown, Jones, Park Hotel.
E P Hauser, Lenoir, 116 Morgan street.
L A Abernathy, Lincoln, Mrs Smith's, Hillsboro street.
—— Lyle, Macon, Mrs Bagley's, 125 South street.
J W Roberts, Madison, 227, cor Edenton and Person streets.
C C Fagan, Martin, Branson House, Room 10.
J A Conley, McDowell, ——
W P Craven, Mecklenburg, 104 N McDowell street.
Sol Reid, Mecklenburg, Mrs. Smith's, Wilmington street.
—— Ransom, Mecklenburg, Mrs Smith's, Wilmington street.
L H Greene, Mitchell, ——
J A Reynolds, Montgomery, Harrison House, Room 1?
W H H Lawhon, Moore, 310 Newbern avenue.
Van B Carter Nash, cor Salisbury and Martin streets.
D B Sutton, New Hanover, Harrison House, Room 2.
J T Howe, New Hanover, ——
N R Rawls, Northampton, ——
R Duffy, Onslow, ——
A R Holmes, Orange, 120 E Hargett street.
C M Babbitt, Pamlico, ——
W G Pool, Pasquotank, Park Hotel, Room 15
Gibson James, Pender, Mrs. Smith's, Wilmington street.
J H Parker, Perquimans, Branson House.
John S Cunningham, Person, Park Hotel, Room 68.
Slade Chapman, Pitt, ——
E V Cox, Pitt, Park Hotel.
Grayson Arledge, Polk, Harrison House, Room 19.
J J White, Randolph, Branson House, Room 9.
J M Allen, Randolph, Branson House, Room 9.
Y C Morton, Richmond, ——
Claudius Dockery, Richmond, Park Hotel, Room 58.
D E McBryde, Robeson, 117 Fayetteville street.
Wm. J Currie, Robeson, ——
A E Walters, Rockingham, Park Hotel, Room 68.
R P Foster, Rockingham, Mr Brown's, corner South Wilmington and East Lenoir streets.
J W McKenzie, Rowan, ——
Walter Murphy, Rowan, 310 Hillsboro street.
Lindsay Purgason, Rutherford, Branson House, Room 7.
C H Johnson, Sampson, 336 Newbern avenue.
R M Crumpler, Sampson, 336 Newbern avenue.
E F Edins, Stanley, 519 East Jones street.
R J Petree, Stokes, 305 Hillsboao street.
J M Brower, Surry, ——
Jo. H Cahey, Swain, Mr Brown's, corner South Wilmington and East Lenoir street.
E A Aiken, Transylvania, J J Johnson, corner Blount street and Newbern avenue.
Asher Alexander, Tyrrell, Branson House.
J. N. Price, Union, ——.
M. M. Peace, Vance, 320 South Blount street.
J. H. Young, Wake, 310 corner Fayetteville and Martin streets.
J. P. H. Adams, Wake, ——.
James M. Perrell, Wake, Mrs. Tucker's, Fayetteville street.
C. A. Cook, Warren, 329 Hillsboro street.
L. N. C. Spruill, Washington, Harrison House, Room 8.
Thomas Bingham, Watauga, ——.
T. B. Parker, Wayne, 425 Wilmington street.
J. E. Person, Wayne, Branson House, Room 2.
C. H. Somers, Wilkes, Harrison House.
J. Q. A. Bryan, Wilkes, Harrison House, Room 7.
B. T. Person, Wilson, ——.
J. C. Pinnix, Yadkin, ——.
C. L. McPheeters, Yancey, 118 Wilmington street.

THE

Commercial and Farmers Bank,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Commenced Business September 30, 1891.

Statement of Condition December 31, 1896.

CAPITAL STOCK,	$100,000 00
SURPLUS FUND,	16,000 00
NET UNDIVIDED PROFITS,	8,708.47
DEPOSITS,	330,033.23

No Interest Paid on Deposits. Safe Deposit Boxes for Rent.

OFFICERS

J. J. Thomas, Pres. Alf. A. Thompson, Vice Pres.
B. S. Jerman, Cashier. H. W. Jackson, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS:

J. J. Thomas, Ashley Horne, G. W. Watts, J. B. Hill, H. B. Battle, B. N. Duke, Thos. H. Briggs, A. F. Page, Fred Philips, H. A. London, A. A. Thompson, Jno. W. Scott, R. B. Raney, J. E. Shepherd.

The National Bank of Raleigh,

RALEIGH, N. C.

Capital Paid In, - - - - $225,000.
Surplus and Undivided Profits, - 80,000.

Officers:

Chas. H. Belvin, President. Chas. L. Johnson, Vice President
F. H. Briggs, Cashier.

Directors:

Chas M. Busbee, Chas. H. Belvin, Julius Lewis,
J. A. Briggs, Thos. B Crowder, F. O. Moring,
J. B. Batchelor, Chas E. Johnson, W. R. Tucker.

Depositors' Security and Protection.—(Section 5151, from United States Banking Laws.) "The shareholders of every national banking association shall be held individually responsible, equably and ratably, and not one for another, for all contracts, debts, and engagements of such association, to the extent of the amount of their stock therein, at the par value thereof, in addition to the amount invested in such shares."

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222 FAYETTEVILLE STREET.

WE CARRY THE FINEST LINE OF

Staple and Fancy Groceries

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE. NEW AND FRESH GOODS RECEIVED EVERY DAY.

TELEPHONE 88.

AH! HERE'S THE RUB.

Keep out of the tub, and send your clothes to

THE EXCELSIOR STEAM LAUNDRY

Where we neither rub,
Nor do we scrub
And wear out the clothes so,
But make them white as snow,

BY A STEAM PROCESS.

Shirts, 10c.; Collars and Cuffs, 2c. each—High Gloss or Domestic Finish. Express paid one way on work sent us from all parts of the State.

SOWERS & HARDING, Proprietors.

Phone 19. 105 and 107 West Martin Street.

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BUCK'S GREAT White Enamel Line Stoves and Ranges

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Raisin Seeders,

Price 75 Cents.

Works perfectly.

Thos. H. Briggs & Sons,

RALEIGH, N. C.

J. D. CARROLL,

Wholesale Grocer

AND

LIQUOR DEALER

Choice Wines, Cigars, Beer on Draught or in Bottles, Everything in Something to Eat or Drink, at rock-bottom prices to the trade.

I also have a branch store on East Hargett street, near the Soldiers' Home, where can be found at all hours, day or night, Pure Wines, Liquors and Cigars, the best the market affords.

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BY

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.

OFFICE OF PUBLICATION:
Tribune Building, 122 Fayetteville Street.
TELEPHONE No. 265.

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One Month	.50

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Communications and items of news intended for publication in THE TRIBUNE should not be addressed to individual members of the staff, but simply to THE TRIBUNE, and must be accompanied by the writer's name.

Advertising rates made known on application at the business office.

Entered at the post-office at Raleigh as second-class mail matter.

The Only Paper in the State taking the full Southern Associated Press Dispatches.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1897.

HIGH-HANDED LEGISLATION PROPOSED.

Mr. Hauser's joint resolution provides that the Governor, before February 10th, procure from all railroad and steamboat lines operating in this State a statement or list of all officials in their employ who receive more than $2,580 per annum salary, giving in said statement the amount of salary received by each, The data is to be for the information of the General Assembly in legislating for the regulation of passenger and freight rates to be charged by said companies.

Is the object of the bill to regulate railroad officials' salaries? What moral, religious or legal right has the Legislature to say to the managers of THE TRIBUNE how much salary they shall pay its editors and printers? Some one has said that the editor of the *News and Observer* was the author or instigator of this measure. Suppose the Legislature should say to that corporation (for it is a corporation) that Mr. Daniels is receiving too much salary. That instead of receiving $50 a week, he ought, in the interest of humanity, only receive $25? Would Mr. Daniels think it a just bill? Would he not rather think it was interfering with his personal rights. The full text of the bill we have not seen, nor are we aware of its true import, but reading between the lines of the reporter's report we gather that its object is to cut down the salaries of the officials upon the pretext of making a rate law for freight and passenger carriage. Other States have fixed railroad rates, but they have not dared to interfere with the private concerns of the officials and employes; and it would be left for North Carolina, if it should so far forget itself, to inaugurate a system of State censorship over its citizens. If it is right to so legislate for railroads, it is right to legislate for manufactories and industrial and educational institutions. Out upon such a law!

CRUELTY TO THE HELPLESS.

From information received we are led to write the following: With dictatorial and autocratic methods of procedure, unmindful of the rights of others, M. A. H. Mowry, postmaster at Charleston, S. C., is now not only inflicting on the Republicans in the Charleston postoffice the work of incompetent Democrats, but also on these Republicans a grand opportunity to contract that most dreaded of all diseases—pneumonia. To make a person work in a granite building from 8 p. m. to 7 a. m. without any heat or fire in the building, with the thermometer registering 55 above zero, is cruel and brutal, and any one who does this to a man whom he knows dare not kick or the support of his family would be taken from him, is surely without a conscience, and leads us to believe that, in some respects, the theory of Darwin is correct. Perhaps it is done to endeavor to kill out or force the resignations of the few Republicans who are left from the general clearing out since 1893.

We hope the Republicans will stick it out for a few more weeks, and perhaps they may then assist in the clearing out of this selfish and domineering man and his abettors.

Reports of the month's business so far indicate that the Treasury deficit for January will amount to fully $8,000,000. Yet some of the free-traders wonder why there should be an extra session of Congress!

SLIMY, POISONOUS SNAKES.

The last act in the Butler-Populist drama was played Wednesday night at the capitol caucus, and the funny part of it is that it turned into a comedy—no, a farce, a Judy-Punch show. It was altogether the funniest show Raleigh has ever had the pleasure—of not witnessing, but had "hearn tell on." The artist who started out as a tragedian with, "Come on, Macduff, and damned be he who first cries hold, enough!" became metamorphosed into Humpty-Dumpty at the finish, and the whole country laughed. It is still laughing. It laughs since the curtain was rung down on that last night to witness Humpty-Dumpty raise himself by his boot straps and whirl himself into the air, turn numerous somersaults and then light square on his feet, turn to his admiring audience, bow, kiss his hand, and gracefully back out of sight beneath an avalanche of applause. Here's the climax—Butler was that wonderful artist. He has been playing a star Presidential and Senatorial engagement for several months, and everywhere he has had great audiences. He played for Fusion! Fusion was the slogan, the war-whoop that filled over 6,000,000 people—"horny-handed sons of toil," so to speak—with fear and trembling, hope and despair. Fusion! Fusion, all over this broad land. Fusion worked admirably. It worked in North Carolina, all things considered, charmingly, and it sent Jeter C. Pritchard to the United States Senate for six years; and as the curtain rose on that somersault scene and Butler came down and bowed his bow, his words went ringing round the world.

He said:

"The seductive but slimy snake of fusion has, no doubt, stuck its poisonous fangs to a greater or less depth into the organization of the People's party in many other States, therefore this purging must also be done. It cannot be begun too soon."

Pausing a moment to recover his wind, he leaned forward dangerously close to the footlights and hissed:

"In the last National Convention we were confronted by the baneful and poisonous effects of Republican fusion in the South swinging the party to one extreme, and Democratic fusion in the West swinging the party to the other extreme, which not only destroyed the harmony and unity of method, but also endangered the very existence of the organization."

Feeling a relief after this tragic effort, Mr. Butler retired a step or two and swinging his right arm a swing across the audience, he therefored:

"Therefore, let all those who believe in the basic principles of good government as taught and exemplified by Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln, take heed in every State in the Union, lest the same insidious and baneful influences be at work undermining our organization and sapping the vitality of its principles. It has been the purpose of both the Democratic and Republican parties to destroy the organic existence of the People's party, and our life is endangered by the too friendly touch of either."

Of course this swinging around the pivot will not be such a startling announcement as it would be if it were any other man than Butler.

From a rantankerous Fusionist, fighting a battle with the Populist apostle, Tom Watson, to the death, Mr. Butler swings clear around to Watson.

Butler, an anti-Fusionist? That is what he says he is now, and having been "seduced by the slimy snake, Fusion, which stuck its poisonous fangs into his organization," knows how it is himself to be seduced.

Henceforth Butler desires it to be known that he will have nothing more to do with the seducer, and he warns his friends to beware of "Fusy's" seductive wiles, and so "Jurge" themselves that their Populistic blood may be relieved of Republican poison.

The auditors bowed their heads and said "me-too," and Mr. Cy. Tompson suddenly jumped into the arena and exclaimed, "Your worship, I have a resolution—a poetic resolution—which I am sure you will heartily approve and endorse. It was written by one of your own Populists, who is dying with you in the last ditch." These were not Mr Thompson's exact words, but through a three-foot stone wall it sounded like them, and he proceeded to read the following poetic gem:

"There is a sigh in my heart, a tear in my eye,
For the Pops have lost their morsel of pie,
The blasted old Rads, with greed in their guts,
Boug t up the Bolters and got all the nuts;
I, therefore, move that a committee of two
Consisting of Johnson and young Billie Drew,
Each with a gun and hatchet in hand,
Kill all the Bolters and Rads in the land."

If you see a man going around with a hatchet in his hand or up his sleeve, avoid him as you would the "poisonous fangs of a slimy snake."

BUTLER'S AFTERPIECE.

All great plays are followed by an afterpiece, a light comedy or a farce, something for a relief. The great Shakespeare appreciated this idea, for, in addition to his great dramatic productions, he wrote the "Merry Wives of Windsor," "The Comedy of Errors," "Much Ado About Nothing," and other comedies.

The late Senatorial election in North Carolina may be likened unto a stage play in politics. It was to the people of the State an all-absorbing drama. It was rendered to their satisfaction and in its every act met with their applause. Now comes Senator Butler with his farce, *the afterpiece*. Everybody is amused. Mr. Butler is evidently a humorist of extraordinary ability.

His specialty seems to be to get himself into awkward and embarrassing predicaments, and then, in the face of the audience, attempt to extricate himself by impracticable schemes and apparent deception. The people all laugh.

Senator Butler's recent performance reminds us of the small boy's the day after the circus has exhibited—they ride stick horses and play circus in the ring.

When a lawyer has lost his case, and no other resource is left he goes out of court and "cusses" the Judge. Such is Mr. Butler's action.

The plain, thoughtful people of this State, will not approve the efforts of members of the General Assembly or others to hamper legislation or retard the administration of Governor Russell. The duty of those who are interested with public affairs, is to go forward in a patriotic manner to serve the best interests of the State. The man who refuses or hesitates to observe this obligation will be crushed beneath an avalanche of public disapproval.

PASS Mr. Hauser's railroad bill and you cut the throat of progress and the material interests and advancement of the State. It will not only drive capital out of the State, but it will create a blockade that will stand between the capitalists and manufacturers and the State of North Carolina that cannot be broken. It will shut out millions of good money for magnificent enterprises and paralyze immigration.

THE action of the Butler Populists in their caucus has created dissatisfaction with some of the majority members to the extent that, recognizing the course of the minority as that of the true Populist party, they have signified their intention to join the Gideon band. Among these are Speaker Hileman, Representatives Whitener and Person. J. M. Mewborne, ex-President of the State Alliance, is also with the minority.

Mary Ann and Josephus Embrace.

Littleton, Jan. 22.—If the signs are to be trusted the Butler Populists and the Josephus Popocrats will shortly join hands in loving embrace, and Josephus will shower kisses and roses upon Mary Ann and Sotho in place of those decayed eggs that he pelted them with in the past.

Mr. Bryan, of Chatham, (Little Billie), in a recent interview stated:

Butler is courting Democratic aid for 1900 to assist him to the Vice Presidency, knowing well that he cannot get any help from the Republican party, as he has passed the political deadline.

The editor of the *News and Observer* is cultivating the use of loving words for leading Populists, He calls them "honest and able advocates of reform."

Referring to the election of Mr. Harris, (Pop.), of Kansas, to succeed Mr. Peffer in the Senate, that paper says:

He has been a Democrat until a few years ago when he became a Populist, and was elected a Congressman at-large by Democrats and Populists to the Fifty-third Congress. A man of ability, a member of the Bryan school of thought, an honest and able advocate of those reforms demanded in the Chicago platform, the election of Mr. Harris is a matter for genuine rejoicing.

If Mr. Harris is a Populist of the Bryan school will the editor of the *News and Observer* inform the people "where he is at," and how long he will stay there? And if Mr. Bryan is a teacher in the Populist school, why did the editor of that paper attempt to put him on the people as an honest and able advocate of the principles of sound Democracy?

Certainly, the principles of the Chicago platform are the same as the principles of the Populist party, but the editor of the *News and Observer* has taken a long time to find that out. But the Lord deliver us when we fall into the hands of Mary Ann, the Fox; Josephus, the Quirk, and Sotho, the oily gammon of North Carolina politics. L.

Labor Not Deceived.

In a somowhat lengthy article entitled "McKinley and the New Tariff," printed a few days ago in the *Press*, Mr. Roswell A. Benedict uses some arguments in favor of protection which will stand considerable rough handling without falling apart. But he flies the track sadly in at least one particular. This is his closing sentence:

The laboring people of the United States elect Presidents, and, unfortunately, the majority of them are easy prey of demagogic liars. It is worth while to repeat that if Bryan, with his point blank falsehood about the appreciation of gold, could carry twenty-two out of forty five States, any other demagogue, pointing to the ubiquitous internal revenue stamp, which would necessarily follow true protective tariffs, could not help sweeping the country, even though he carried these same laborers down to the level of 50-cent dollars when they were employed, with but one day's employment under free trade, where they were sure of seven under protection. The parrot cry of "the tariff is a tax," with the usual twaddle about trusts and monopolies, would surely accomplish this. Truly, our new President's bed promises more thorns than roses.

The laboring people of the United States certainly do elect Presidents, and it is the glory and the hope of this republic that they can be trusted to do so. It is the laboring people who carry the militant intelligence of the United States in their heads, and its unconquerable muscle in their strong right arms. In the same manner in which they replied last November to the proposition to Bryanize the country at the ratio of 16 to 1, they would reply to a proposition to Anglicize it by free trade at any ratio whatever. They may fall asleep occasionally, as they did when they allowed Cleveland to be elected in 1892, but they make no such mistakes when awake.

SHARP SHOTS.

From the Mail and Express.

There is nothing sectional in the present cold wave. It is a national affair, extending from ocean to ocean and from the St. Lawrence to the Gulf of Mexico.

It is rumored that Mrs. Lease has reconsidered her decision to take up a residence in the East, and will continue to live in Kansas. However, there should be no premature rejoicing.

If there is an extra session of Congress it will not be because the Republicans want it, but because the country needs it. It is simply a case in which a physician can't get to work too soon.

One of Kentucky's progressive physicians has sent to India for a sample keg of plague germs. This must be a step in a scheme for improving the quality of Kentucky's distillery product.

Here and there a voice is still heard in favor of establishing a permanent tariff commission, but the scheme itself is in the hands of the undertaker. It was a political foundling and died of starvation.

In Kentucky the other day a young farmer, after having been adjudged insane, remarked as he left the court room that he had been crazy ever since he voted for free silver. In a case where the patient has so clear an appreciation of cause and effect there ought to be a good chance of ultimate recovery.

Extradition Treaties.

Washington, D C., Jan. 28.—The extradition treaties with the Orange Free State and the Argentine Republic were taken up by the Senate this afternoon on a motion to reconsider, and after a short debate were ratified. The discussion relative to this treaty has been on the ratification, said to have been inserted at the request of the President requiring either government without the exercise of discretion, to give up its own citizens on demand, in proper form, from the other contracting party.

The Senate amended the text some weeks ago so as to deny the surrendering of the citizens or subjects of the country against whom the demand was made. This action was unsatisfactory to the State Department and the Senate was asked to reconsider the conventions.

They Can Kill Each Other In Nevada.

Carson City, Nev., Jan. 28.—The Senate today passed the bill licensing glove fights by a vote of 9 to 6. The bill passed the Assembly on Monday last. The general opinion is that the Governor will sign the bill.

BLIND PUPILS' NIGHT

Entertainment Complimentary to Members of the Legislature.

SURPRISING INTELLIGENCE SHOWN

VOCAL AND INSTRUMENTAL MUSIC OF HIGH ORDER.

Unique Performance By a Bird That Can Whistle—Talk By the Superintendent on the Needs of the Institution.

Last night at the Institution for the Deaf, Dumb and Blind, an entertainment was given by the blind pupils, complimentary to the members of the Legislature. Owing to the circumstance that the public generally was not invited, the attendance was not as large as usual on such occasions. A large number of the members of the General Assembly were in attendance. A few ladies also braved the biting wind and slippery streets and went. The result was an audience of respectable proportions that thoroughly enjoyed the musical feast that was spread before it.

A Raleigh audience knows, of course, what an entertainment at the Blind Institution is; but the entertainment last night was of such a high order as to merit more than a passing notice. The program was divided into two parts of eleven numbers each, consisting of vocal and instrumenal musical selections, with three or four exceptions. There wasn't a dull feature in the performance; but those that were most deserving of special notice were the singing of Miss Mary Downey and the performance of the orchestra. Miss Downey sang with fine effect, "Conseils a Nina," and responded to an encore with "Swanee River." The orchestra, which consists of twenty two pieces, rendered three selections, the second of which, "La Caravan," was repeated in response to loud and repeated calls. The performance would have been creditable to any orchestra of professional musicians, not to speak of blind boys and girls, who must learn their parts and play them without having seen the written music or ever the instruments upon which they played. Other parts of the program were deserving of mention in this connection, but it must suffice to say that all were good and highly creditable alike to pupils and teachers.

At the conclusion of the exercises on the program, Mr. A. L. Bird, an Enrolling Clerk of the Legislature, entertained the audience with an unique and enjoyable exhibition of his accomplishments as a whistler. He first performed the very remarkable feat of whistling a duet, carrying two parts of a tune at the same time so distinctly that the different sounds, harmoniously blended, could be heard in any part of the hall. He then whistled "The Mocking Bird," with piano accompaniment. Next he gave an imitation of the cackling of a hen, and closed his part of the entertainment by mimicing the mocking bird and the call of the whippoorwill and the quail with amazing skill.

Mr. John E. Ray, superintendent of the institution, addressed the audience briefly at the close of the entertainment, calling the attention of the members of the Legislature to the unsound and unsafe condition of the building in which the entertainment was given. He said that the last place in the institution in which a pupil could be accommodated had been taken during the day by a boy from Burke county; that he had applications on file from one hundred blind children, and that there were two hundred others who ought to be cared for and educated.

Mr. Ray said that the institution was sometimes called a public charity. He was willing to admit the point if those who make the statement would acknowledge that the University and the public schools were public charities. He asserted that the work of the institution was educational, and that it was preparing boys and girls for useful citizenship, trying to make them independent and self-respecting; helping them to prepare to win their way in the world. He mentioned some of the needs of the institution, and invited the members of the General Assembly to visit the school and industrial rooms or any other department.

Dr. B. F. Dixon spoke briefly on the part of the House of Representatives, and Lieutenant Governor Reynolds on the part of the Senate, expressing the pleasure they had experienced in listening to the music and other exercises. Mr. Reynolds said he hoped to have the pleasure of signing a bill appropriating whatever may be needed by the institution.

After the close of the entertainment THE TRIBUNE man learned from Superintendent Ray that there are 121 pupils in the institution, and that about 75 of them participated in the exercises. Besides these there are 131 in the colored department in a different part of the city.

A fact that should not be overlooked in this report is that "Farbel Song," by the kindergarten class was written—words and music—by Prof. Simpson, a blind teacher in the institution, whom Mr. Ray declared was one of the best informed men in the State. He speaks fluently in three modern languages, and is on terms of intimate familiarity with all the branches of higher mathematics.

Capt. Robt. P. Reinhardt.

Editor of The Tribune.

As the time approaches for choosing a successor to the present Superintendent of the State Penitentiary it is not too soon to begin to "look about" for a suitable man for the place. There is not a public institution in the State that requires more skill and practical common sense for its successful management than does the Penitentiary, and the Legislature would make a serious blunder if it should elect some theoretical, kid-glove fellow to the place whose knowledge of agriculture has been confined to paper. We know of no man better qualified to fill the place than Capt. R. P. Reinhardt of Catawba county. He was reared on a farm, and the flower of his youth has been wasted in its management, and now that he is in the "sear and yellow leaf" he no doubt contemplates with pleasure the fact that he has made it a success. He was president of the Hickory fair and by his indomitable energy it was organized by him against many disadvantages. It was a grand success and attracted exhibits and visitors from all parts of the country. To get nearer the center of the county, he later organized the Newton fair; was elected its president, and it flourished with unprecedented success as long as he remained in that position. He realized from the beginning that in order to attract visitors to a fair it was first necessary to have a large and attractive variety of exhibits. To accomplish this it required both time and money, and to his credit, be it said, he spared neither to bring about this result. As President of these fairs he was not a mere figure-head, but realizing that it takes work to accomplish results, he personally directed every detail of the work. The Newton and Hickory fairs acted as feeders to the State fair and contributed largely to its success. At this fair he made seventy entries of his own, which was the largest for any single person on the entry list.

We took occasion to allude to the class of farmers who farm on paper. Now let us see what a practical man can do with practical, common sense experience. Last year Capt. Reinhardt made the best average in wheat on a given number of acres of any man in the State. On 36½ acres he produced 1,268 bushels of good, clean wheat. He has made as high as 2,860 bushels in a single year, but never before did he equal this average. As a mark of perseverance, it can be said to his credit that he has advanced steadily along and each year obtained better results than he did the year before. His advanced strides in agriculture led others to imitate him, and today, as a result of this, Catawba is behind no other county in the State in its advanced methods of farming. He was the first to introduce blooded stock in the western part of the State, and by his wisdom and foresight in this direction a new impetus was given to stock raising.

From the inception of the Populist party he has been in the forefront of every political battle, and to his prudence and foresight in no small degree is attributable the great tidal wave which swept over Catawba county in 1894, changing a Democratic majority of about 2,000 into a fusion majority of about 300. If the Populists are to have the penitentiary it would be a graceful act, as well as a wise selection on the part of the General Assembly, to make Capt. R. P. Reinhardt its Superintendent. J. T. D. LANE.

Lincolnton, Jan. 26.

Another Lynching.

Birmingham, Ala., Jan. 28.—News reached this city today of a lynching in Bibb county, near Briarfield.

A negro, name unknown, raped a young white girl named Battle. A posse went in pursuit of him, despite the bitter cold weather, and, after a long search, captured and brought him up for identification. On being identified, he was started toward the county jail, but was lost in the snow.

A Woman Shoots Herself.

Norfolk, Va., Jan. 28—About five o'clock this afternoon Mrs. Wm. S. Krzyzanski shot herself in the stomach with a revolver. She died at 9 o'clock tonight. Her mind was unbalanced by the death of her little child some months ago.

DIVORCE BILL DEAD

Senators Thought the Laws Already Too Liberal.

LIVELY PARLIAMENTARY BATTLE

FREE SILVER RESOLUTION DISPLACED FOR THE TIME BEING.

House Wants to Know About Salaries of Railroad Officials—Summary Punishment for Wife-Beaters—Remedy Against Baggage Smashers.

The Senate was opened yesterday with prayer by Rev. E. M. Glenn, of this city

Leave of absence was granted to Mr. Barringer until Monday.

Mr. Ashburn introduced a resolution in regard to heating the Senate chamber. Later the Chair announced that the order contemplated in the resolution would be made.

Bills were introduced as follows:

Mr. Alexander—Bill relating to merchants' pur hase tax. Intended to avoid payment twice on the same purchases.

Mr. Scales—Bill to incorporate Deep River Friends Meeting House in Guilford county.

Mr. Clark—Bill to repeal section 3111 of The Code, requiring public notice to be given of local prohibitory acts.

Mr. Grant—Bill to extend the stock law in Wayne county.

Mr. Clark—Bill to prohibit the use of free passes; also to levy a special tax for building a bridge across Roanoke river in Halifax and Northampton counties.

Mr. Henderson (by request)—Bill to establish a dispensary for Vance county.

Mr. Alexander (by request)—Bill to incorporate two benevolent societies.

Mr. Parker of Alamance—Bill to amend chapter 161, Laws of 1891, relating to the jurisdiction of Clerks of Superior Courts in regard to probate, etc.

Mr. Mitchell—Bill to revive chapter 173, Laws of 1893, to incorporate the Bank of Louisburg.

Mr. Sharp of Wilson—Bill to incorporate the town of Boyette, Wilson county.

Mr. Ramsey—Bill to give keepers of livery stables a lien on stock for board; also to refund $125 to John Boyer.

Mr. McNeill—Bill to authorize the commissioners of Wilkes county to summon a jury to assess damages for building a road.

Mr. Sharp of Iredell—Bill to amend the charter of Statesville.

Mr. Early (by request)—Bill relating to incorporated towns.

Mr. Henderson—Bill to regulate the bond of the Register of Deeds of Vance county.

Mr. Wakefield—Bill to create the townships of Bynum's Cross Roads, Muddy Creek and Clear Creek in McDowell county.

Consideration of divorce bill was resumed and was under debate more than two hours, a dozen or more Senators discussing its merits at greater or less length. The bill provides for extending the operation of chapter 277, Laws of 1895, granting divorce for desertion. The substitute offered by Mr. Butler, repealing the act passed second reading by a vote of 27 to 18.

At this stage of the proceedings the first real parliamentary battle of the session began. Mr. Abell introduced two amendments intended to give relief from certain hardships that would result from the passage of the substitute. Mr. Ray moved to refer the bill, with the substitute and all amendments, to the Judiciary Committee. The motion was strongly supported, and as strongly opposed. The motion was lost. Beaten at this point, the opponents of the Butler substitute made several attempts to stave off further consideration by adjournment but without success.

The question then recurred to the amendments. The first one was read and Mr. Abell took the floor for another speech, having already spoken at length several times. Upon objection by Mr. Grant, he was ruled off the floor, and the vote was taken without further speech making, both amendments being carried. The first amendment provides that in cases of divorce granted under the Act of 1895, both parties may remarry. The second extends the provisions of the act to cases now pending in the courts. As amended the bill passed third reading.

Mr. Justice's bill, to the same effect as the Butler substitute, was then abled.

The Senate then adjourned until this morning o'clock.

HOUSE.

House was called to order at 10 o'clock.

Prayer by Rev. Dr. Pittinger, rector Church of the Good Shepherd.

Journal of Wednesday night's session read and approved.

Two petitions were introduced as follows:

Mr. Babbitt—Petitions from citizens of Pamlico county praying that trap nets be allowed to remain in Neuse river.

Mr. Jones—Petition from citizens of Alleghany and Surry counties that the county line be changed.

There were reports from the Judiciary, Health, Finance and Pension committees.

BILLS INTRODUCED.

Bills were introduced as follows:

Mr. Petree—Bill that M. L. Tuttle of Stokes county be placed on the pension roll.

Mr. Ensley—Bill to provide for the collection of arrears of taxes in Jackson county.

Mr. Walters—Bill to grant Joseph Allen a pension.

Mr. Lawhon—Bill to amend section 7 of chapter 98 of the private laws of 1893.

Mr. Deweese—Bill for the relief of the sheriff of Cherokee county and his sureties.

Mr. Deweese—Bill to incorporate certain churches and school houses in Cherokee county.

Mr. Drew—Bill to punish wife beaters, providing that the justice of the peace before whom trial of such offences shall be brought shall impannel a jury of six taxpayers. If convicted, the offender shall have thirty-nine lashes for the first offence. Every subsequent offence is punishable with ten additional lashes. It also requires that the offender pay all costs of the trials.

Mr. Plott—Bill to extend the time for the tax collector of Clay county to settle.

Mr. Jones—Bill in relation to changing the line between Alleghany and Surry counties

Mr. Green—Bill to allow D. B. Aldrich of Mitchell county to peddle in the State free of tax.

Mr. Lusk—Bill to amend chapter 139, laws of 1895.

Mr. Lusk—Bill to repeal chapter 34, private laws of 1893, incorporating the town of Inanda in Buncombe county.

Mr. Bingham—Bill to authorize the commissioners of Watauga county to levy a special tax.

Mr. Green—Bill to repeal section 4, of chapter 153, public laws of 1895

Mr. Elliott—Bill to amend the charter of 1894-95 of Edenton in Chowan county.

Mr. Hodges—Bill to amend chapter 161, laws of 1895.

Mr. Dockery—Resolution to suspend rule 49 of the House rules so far as it applies to Education Committee. The rule provides that all bills and resolutions reported from committees shall state that a majority of the committee was present and voted upon the same.

Mr. Crews—Bill to better enable the sheriff of Granville county to collect taxes.

Mr. Hauser—Bill to amend section 752 of The Code, providing that it be left discretionary with the commissioners of Columbus and Lenoir counties whether or not they advertise the proceedings of their business meetings.

CALENDAR.

Bill providing for better protection of the traveling public, introduced by Sutton of Cumberland, was put on second reading with a favorable report, and also a minority report by Sutton and Schulken of the committee.

A motion to table the minority report was lost, and Col. Sutton made a speech urging its adoption.

As heretofore stated in THE TRIBUNE, the bill provides for citizens claiming damage to enter suits in the Superior Courts instead of being forced to appear before the Railroad Commission for justice. It also clothes railroad conductors with police authority to make arrests of any persons believed to be guilty of any crimes. Also allows suits to be sustained for damages by reason of delayed trains.

There was considerable discussion of the bill b Duffy, McCrary, Schulken, Sutton and others. The vote on the adoption of the minority report was by roll call and resulted in 42 for and 52 against.

Mr. Hancock moved to amend by striking out sec. 6 of the bill allowing suit for damage by delayed trains,

Mr. Cunningham moved to strike out all of the bill except that relating to suits for damages for baggage.

Mr. Hancock's motion was accepted by Col. Sutton.

An unsuccessful effort was made to table Col. Cunningham's motion. Later it was adopted—55 to 47.

The bill as amended then passed second and third readings; was ordered engrossed and sent to the Senate.

Resolution exempting the Committee on Education from the requirements of rule 49 of the House rules was called for by Mr. Dockery and was adopted.

Mr Hancock, by consent, introduced a bill to rest re to the State the control and management of the Atlantic and North Carolina Railroad. Referred to the Committee on Railroads and Railroad Commissioners.

The bill authorizes the Governor to remove any of the State's eight directors on this road whenever it appears to him that they are not acting for the best interests of the State, which owns two-thirds of the stock of said road.

Mr. Hancock also introduced a bill authorizing the commissioners of Craven county to hold an election regarding the building of bridges across the Neuse and Trent rivers.

Bill to put Lewis Grady of Kinston upon the roll of first class pensioners was re-referred to the Pension Committee.

Bill prescribing time for mortgages to be recorded was tabled.

Bill requiring sheriffs to keep records and descriptions of all prisoners was tabled.

Resolution to pay Isaac Craven $10 for work done in the House was adopted.

Bill to amend section 2018 of The Code was put upon second reading and tabled.

Bill to amend section 511 of The Code, relating to homestead exemptions was lost on the second reading; 23 for and 30 against.

Bill to incorporate the town of Hamlet, in Richmond county, passed third reading.

Senate bill for the relief of W. M. Watson, Clerk of the Superior Court of Craven county, passed second and third readings and was ordered engrossed for ratification.

By consent, Mr. Person introduced a bill providing for the incorporation of Commonwealth Insurance Company, of Wilmington.

Joint resolution for the regulation of railroad charges was the cause of a protracted and amusing discussion. The bill provides that the Governor shall obtain from all railroad and steamboat companies operating in this State, on or before February 10, a complete list of all officers and their salaries, who receive more than $2,500, the same to be used by the General Assembly in legislating for the regulation of passenger and freight charges.

The bill passed second reading; objection was made to the third reading, and bill placed upon the calendar. Mr. Hauser moved to retake it therefrom and proceed with third reading, but the motion was lost, the rules requiring a favorable vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the House.

Bill to incorporate the Carolina Cooperage Company passed second and third readings.

Bill regulating the constructing of wire fences in Randolph county passed second and third readings.

Bill to amend the charter of Statesville Land Company passed second and third readings.

Bill to amend section 10, chapter 427, public laws of 1895, relative to supervisors of public roads in Jones county, passed second and third readings with an amendment that it also apply to Hyde county.

Bill to incorporate Commercial Bank of Marion, N. C., passed second and third readings

On motion of Col. Sutton of Cumberland, the vote by which the bill to amend section 511 of The Code failed to pass the second reading was reconsidered and the bill again put upon the second reading. However, before the vote could be again put, the hour for adjournment arrived and cut short the discussion.

The Speaker announced the following committees:

State Records—Sutton of Cumberland, chairman; Candler, Carter, Baobitt and Walters.

Trustees of University—Mr. Brower chairman; Hancock, Schulken, Bryan of Chatham, and Dixon of Cleveland.

House Branch Joint Committee on Election Laws and County Government—Mr. Cook chairman; Young, Lusk, Person of Wayne, Johnson, Craven, Nelson and Cunningham.

Public Buildings and Grounds—Mr. Hare chairman; Adams, Ferrell, Fagan and Gallop

State Library—Mr. Pinnix chairman, Curry, Ensley, Brown, Person of Wilson, Crumpler and Conley.

Mr. Eddins was added to the Committee on Counties, Cities, Towns and Townships, vice Mr. Umstead.

Mr. Hauser to that of Railroads and Railroad Commission.

House adjourned until 10 o'clock today.

Press Authors and Emancipation Association.

HEADQUARTERS,
RALEIGH, N. C., Jan 28, 1897.

A meeting of the members and incorporators of the above named association is hereby called to take place in the city of Raleigh on Wednesday, Feb. 10th, 1897

Each member, and others who are interested in the elevation of the Negro and the complete development of the resources of the State, are cordially invited and urged to be present. There will be matters of vast importance brought to the attention of the Association. Reduced rates will be arranged.

Respectfully,
R. H. W. LEAK,
President.

G. C. SCURLOCK, Secretary.

Other papers interested please copy.

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SATURDAY, JANUARY 30th.

The Week Before Stock Taking.

Our stock taking begins February 1st and everybody is interested in our BEFORE STOCK TAKING SALES. Many ends of lines in every department we are determined not to carry over to another season, will be sold this week at greatly reduced prices—making a great harvest for bargain seekers. Besides representative bargains in every department, we have arranged the following

Special Tables:

Table 1. Colored Dress Goods.
Every piece all wool and worth 50c. per yard, before stock taking 25c.

Table 2. Colored Dress Goods.
Every piece worth not less than 75c. and $1 per yard—many suitable for early spring—before stock taking price 50c.

Table 3. Colored Dress Goods.
Every piece worth $1.25 to $1.50 per yard, before stock taking price 75c.

Table 4. Black Dress Goods.
Every piece new, correct and stylish, worth $1.50 to $2 per yard, before stock taking price 98c.

Table 5. Ladies' Kid Gloves.
25 dozen Ladies' Colored Kid Gloves, worth $1.50 per pair, before stock taking price 98c.

Table 6. Ladies' Handkerchiefs.
100 dozen Ladies' White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, worth 50c. per dozen, before stock taking price, per dozen 25c.
Not less nor more than one dozen at a time.

Table 7. Ladies' Coats.
Coat department, second floor.
Two special lots, Lot 1, all coats 2.49
Lot 2, all coats 4.98
Worth twice the money.

Table 8. Ladies' Underwear.
Ladies' Ridded Merino Vest and Pants, worth 85c. per garment, before stock taking price 49c.

Table 9. Marseilles Quilts.
100 dozen English White Marseilles Quilts, full size, worth $1.75, before stock taking price 1.19

Table 10. Men's Shoes.
Johnston Murphy's Patent Leather Shoes—ends of lines, worth $6.50 before stock taking price 5.00

Table 11. Linen Table Damasks.
72-inch Irish Double Damask, worth $1 per yard, before stock taking price, per yard 69c.

Table 12. Linen Towels.
Heuck and Damask Towels, worth 25c. to 35c., special before stock taking price 21c.

All the lots are 33 to 50 per cent. less than regular prices

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THE AIR WAS RIFE

With Disease, Snow, Murder and Casualties.

NAVAL RESERVES--PROTECTION ASKED

A LEGISLATIVE ACT HIGHLY ENDORSED—THE TENNESSEE CENTENNIAL.

The Southern Baptist Association Going to Look Out After the Entertainment of Delegates.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 28.

"La grippe."

Some more "la grippe."

It rained here nearly all day yesterday. Tuesday was one of the coldest days we have had this winter, the thermometer being as low as 29 degrees. A little snow fell last night and this morning an icy wind nips the ears and noses of pedestrians.

Two negroes (Jim Cole and Hampton Smart) quarreled Tuesday. Cole procured a revolver and shot at Smart five times, missing him each time. Cole was arrested and gave a $50 bond to appear at the next term of the Criminal Court.

Sonny Jones, a colored man, had his leg badly crushed here a day or two ago by falling between two lumber rafts on the river. He was sent to the City Hospital. The leg may have to be amputated. Jones was in the wreck of the street car which jumped over an embankment near Fourth street bridge about two years ago.

The Second Regiment band held its seventh annual meeting Tuesday night and its old officers were re elected. The band is in good condition.

At the meeting of the Naval Reserves, Wilmington Division, held Tuesday night, Mr. H. H. McIlhenny was elected Lieutenant Commander in place of Mr. W. M. Atkinson, who resigned from that office Mr. W. W. Neville was elected ensign. Commander George L. Morton will take the division to Washington to attend the inauguration of President-elect McKinley if they will improve in their drill. The division will do its best to that end.

The storekeepers on the edge of town compiain of the lack of police protection A few nights ago J. H. Rehder & Co's store window was broken into and $50 worth of goods stolen. Twelve electric lights were burning in the window at the time. No officer appeared until one was telephoned for. Three unknown (and uncaught) negroes are believed to have been the thieves

The bill, recenty passed through the Legislature, requiring employers to furnish seats for female employes in stores and factories, is highly endorsed in this city by the class principally to be benefitted by it.

Edward P. Elliott, the impersonator, will give an entertainment in the Y. M. C. A Auditorium Friday evening.

Edward Remenyi, the celebrated Hungarian violinist, and his company, will hold forth in this city on Tuesday evening next.

The meetiug held Tuesday afternoon in the Chamber of Commerce to hear the suggestion made by Captain John T. Patrick, chief industrial agent for the Seaboard Air Line, was well attended The object of this meeting, as before stated, concerned the proper representation of this city by an exhibit at the Tennessee Centennial Exposition to be held, beginning next May, in Nasheville.

The railroad referred to is to build at the Exposition a large structur in the shape of a car. This will contain a large reception room, which is to be used for advertising the different cities along the Seaboard system.

Captain Patrick asks each city to contribute $100 toward the necessary expense for the erection of this structure. He also suggested that Wilmington make a fish and oyster exhibit at the Exposition and give an oyster and fish banquet to the press representatives visiting the Exposition The railroad would transport ten citizens selected to attend to the arrangements for this banquet free of charge to and from Nashville.

Mr. W. E. Worth, one of the vice-presidents of the Chamber of Commerce, said he would contribute ten barrels of oysters and all the ice necessary for their exhibit on its way to Nashville. The New River Oyster Company contributed five barrels of oysters. The Seaboard Air Line will give free transportation for all of the fish and oyster exhibit and will also give the general public a low rate to the Exposition. Several of our prominent citizens spoke in the meeting in favor of appropriating the $100 asked by Captain Patrick, and on motion this was done.

At this meeting the question also came up of making arrangements for the reception and entertainment of the 900 or more delegates to the Southern Baptist Convention, which is to be held here May 6th of this year. A committee was appointed by the President of the Chamber of Commerce to confer with the committee of the different Baptist churches. The committee conferred but the matter has not been settled as yet.

The pilots and shipmasters of this port tell me that a better bill never passed Congress than the one appropriating seventy-thousand dollars for the building of a new lighthouse on Smith's Island, at the mouth of the Cape Fear.

The present light (Bald Head) is nearly three miles westward of the proposed new light, and is a light which can be seen but a short distance. A fog usually surrounds the locality every night, and the light cannot be seen until one is within a ship's length of it. Many a vessel has been lost on Frying Pan shoals because Bald Head light was not a better light, and because it was not situated more to the eastward. When the new light has been erected, the mariners making the port of Wilmington will make the new light and Frying Pan lightship at the same time, thus leaving no doubt in his mind as to his location.

Considerable credit is due Mr. H. G. Smallbone and the other members of the special committee who were appointed by the Chamber of Commsrce to present the matter to Congress.

The British brig Ardrisharg went ashore early yesterday morning on Frying Pan shoals. She was bound from Hamburg to Savannah. Her cargo of kainit is being thrown overboard in order to lighten her. The revenue cutter Morrill and tugs endeavored to get her off yesterday, but failed. If the weather keeps good she may be saved The crew are all well. Had the new light been in operation the Ardrisharg might have never gone ashore

James Young, the tragedian, will render "Hamlet" tonight at the opera house.

Mrs S A. McQueen died yesterday in Lumberton The deceased lady was the mother of Messrs H. C. McQueen and French McQueen and the grandmother of Messrs Fred and W. A. Dick of this city.

Chief Newman and Valentine Howe, of the Fire Department, returned from Raleigh last night. They are jubilant over the committee's promise to report on the obnoxious fireman's bill heretofore reported.

The engine and seven cars of a freight train jumped the track on the Carolina Central yesterday morning between Laurinburg and Hamlet. Trains were delayed considerably. No one is reported hurt.

H. W. P.

KICKING AT LYMAN GAGE

SOME NEW YORK BANKERS SAID TO FIND FAULT

Because Gage in '93 Criticised Their System of Banking.

New York, Jan. 28.—Within the past two or three days there has developed in New York banking circles quite an opposition to the movement to make Lyman J. Gage, the next Secretary of the Treasury. During the 1893 panic Mr Gage, as president of the First National Bank of Chicago, sent a circular letter to banks generally throughout the West in which he criticised the operations of the New York bankers.

The latter were very much displeased with the utterances of Mr. Gage as set forth in his letter, and several of the leading bankers here expressed their opinion of Mr. Gage in no uncertain words. Although three years have passed the New Yorkers have not forgotten nor forgiven the Chicago banker for his scoring of them, and now they propose to even up accounts and are making quiet but effective steps to oppose his appointment.

Mr Gage's circular letter was written on August 22, 1893 In it he reviews the action of the New York banks in issuing clearing house certificates which he declares operate against Western banks, as money in New York commanded a premium over bank checks of 1½ to 2 per cent. He therefore advised correspondents that Chicago banks cannot take drafts on New York and Eastern points and credit them at par. The letter concludes as follows: "If Chicago and the West are to be kept on a cash basis, Eastern exchange must, as has been above shown, be subjected to a discount approximating the premium on currency in New York, in order to prevent the movement of currency thither to command the premium there offered for it.

"Bankers should take these facts into account when dealing with the customers and their Chicago correspondents and be willing to buy and sell Eastern exchange at its actual money value.

BRUISERS AND BRUTES FIGHT

UNTIL COMPLETELY EXHAUSTED FOR A PURSE OF 1,000 POUNDS A SIDE

And the Fight Was Pronounced a Draw.

Birmingham, January 28—The match between Dick Burge and Eddie Connolly, formerly of S. John, N. B., and later of Boston, for 1,000 pounds a side, took place before the Olympic Sporting Club here tonight and resulted in a draw. The men were matched to fight twenty rounds at 144 pounds. At the end of the tenth round both men were too weak to fight longer and the referee declared the fight a draw.

Burge fought at 143 pounds and Connolly at 138.

During the afternoon Burge was a strong favorite in the betting, the odds on him being two to one.

Goode, Hyams, Cook and Howe were in Burge's corner and Kelly, Rose Brierly and Foley acted as seconds for Connolly.

The fighting was very fierce from the start. Connolly led the hitting at a tremendous pace, but he was stopped repeatedly by blows on the face. After five rounds, in which the exchanges were about even, Burge landed a crushing blow on Connolly's neck, knocking him down. The latter, however, was on his feet again in eight seconds, and Burge was just going in to finish the fight when time was called.

Connolly recovered with marvelous rapidity from the effects of the blow which had come so near knocking him out, and in the next round he landed several blows which made Burge groggy.

The spectators were wild with excitement when they saw the favorite in this condition.

At the end of the ninth round both men were terribly weak, but both were game.

In the middle of the tenth round the management declined to allow the fight to proceed further, and the referee therefore stopped the men and declared the battle a draw.

Village Fire.

Ottowa, Ont., Jan. 28.—The village of Gatineau Point, situated across the river from this city, was visited last night by fire, which destroyed the three principal stores of the place. Loss, $60,000; partly covered by insurance.

The Fight Will Come Off in Navada.

Dallas, Tex., Jan. 28.—Dan Stuart tonight announced that the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight will take place in Nevada on March 17th. He will name the town in ten days.

VESSELS COLLIDE

And Two Picayune Reporters are Drowned.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 28.—The Norwegian steamship Abert Dumois and the steam yachat Argo collided in mid river near Port Eads this morning at 12:35 o'clock, and two reporters members of the Picayune staff, were probably drowned, as nothing was seen of them after the party on the Argo crawled into a little boat after the sinking of the yacht. The Dumois laid by and searched for the missing men for more than an hour after pulling up the boat, but nothing was seen of them. Nine persons, including the crew, were on board the Argo.

The names of the missing reporters are H. B. Blessine and Harrison Hester. The latter is a son of Secretary Hester, of the Cotton Exchange It is believed he was asleep in the cabin of the yacht, the shock not awakening him, and went down with the vessel.

The collision is unexplainable It occurred at a point where the river is narrow and a strong current runs, and Captain Brown, of the yacht, probably lost his head at a critical moment.

Encouraging Conditions.

Baltimore, Md., Jan 28.—The past week in the Southern States has reflected some unusually encouraging conditions according to reports received by the Manufacturers' Record. An increased revival of the iron trade is noted The foreign demand for Southern iron includes an 8,000-ton order from Germany and Holland, as well as inquiries from Russia. The export trade from Southern ports will be increased by machinery shipments, one consignment of 2,000 tons to go to the north of Europe at once. Important industrial projects include the lease of 50,000 acres of Alabama land for oil development.

STANDING COMMITTEES

Of the Senate and House of Representatives.

The following are the Standing Committees of the House of Representatives as revised up to date.

Education—Claude Dockery, chairman; S A White, McCrary, C x Young. Abernathy, King, White, of Randolph,Runtree, Whitener, Wrenn. Dixon of Cleveland, Nelson, Walters, Murphy.

Pensions—Mr. Crumpler, chairman; Barrow, Ward, Chilcutt, Roberts, Adams, McPheeters, Ransom.

Propositions and Grievances—Spencer Blackburn, chairman; Sutton, of New Hanover; Crews, Craven, Carter Crumpler, Cunningham, Lyle and Sutton, of Cumberland.

Insane Asylum—Sutton, of Cumberland, chairman; White of Alamance. Alexander. Whitener. Parker. of Perquimans; Rountree, Pearson, Dixon, of Cleveland; Hartness.

Counties, Cities, Towns and Townships—D B Sutton, of New Hanover chairman; Duncan, Peace, Freeman. Fagan, Ferrell, King, Maxton, Walters, Smith, Cathey, Roberts, Blackburn.

Institutions for Deaf and Dumb—Person, of Wayne, chairman; Abernathy, King, Hauser, Petree, Aiken, Green, Wrenn Nelson, Duffy, Bryan, of Edgecombe.

Immigration—White, of Alamance, chairman; White, of Bertie, Bryan, of Edgecombe, Allen, Hodges, Barrow. Harris of Hyde, Chapin, McPheeters. Harris of Hyde.

Privileges and Elections—Wm Cook chairman; Blackburn, Sutton, of New Hanover; Peace, Bryan, of Chatham; Brown, Person, of Wayne; Cunningham, Ferguson, Duffy, Creek, Person, of Wilson; Sutton, of Cumberland.

Judiciary—Col. V. S. Lusk, chairman; Sutton, of Cumberland; Cook Young, Schulken. Price, Craven, Ferguson, Murphy, Chandler, Cunningham, McCrary, Blackburn, Duffy, Hartness.

Banking and Currency—Bryan, of Chatham chairman; Hauser, Crumpler, Ormsby, Cox. Adams, McKenzie.

Salaries and Fees—Dixon, of Green, chairman; Yarborough, Harris, of Hyde; Holmes, McCrary, Chandler, Elliott, Easley, Parker, of Wayne; Hartness.

Finance—Johnson, chairman; Bryan of Chatham; Whitener, Person, of Wayne; Alexander, Young, Aiken, Petree, Nelson, McKenzie, Brown, Peace, Pearson, Green.

Institution for the Blind—Mr. Craven chairman; McBride, Terrell, Person, of Wilson; Young, Pool, Grubbs, James, McLelland.

Engrossed Bills—Pinnix, chairman; Chapin, Spruill, Arrington, Parker, of Perquimans, Holmes, Price, Carter, Ferguson, Leak

Enrolled Bills—Hauser, chairman; Abernathy, Drew, Hare, McCrary, Dockery, Eddins, Bunch.

Corporations—Schulken, chairman; McBride, Brown, Alexander, Dockery, Bailey, Watters, Umstead.

Railroads and Railroad Commission—Brower, chairman; Blackburn, Dockery, Pinnix, Ferrell, White, of Randolph; Ward Dixon, of Green; McKenzie Smith, of Robeson.

Health—Mr. Alexander, chairman; Dixon, of Cleveland; Person, of Wayne; Person, of Wilson; Lyle, Freeman. McClelland, Sutton, of Cumberland; Fagan, Bobbitt, Spruill, Nelson, Crews

Internal Improvements—Bryan, of Wilkes, chairman; Weymss, Aiken, Darcy, Reynolds, Morton, Ward, Brown, Reid Wilson, Creech.

Penal Institutions—Parker, of Perquimans, chairman; Johnson, Carter, Abernathy, Roberts, Currie, Deweese, Dayton, Umstead, Conley, McKenzie Arrington, Bryan, of Edgecombe, Hare

Agriculture, Mechanics and Mining—E. A. Aiken, chairman; Rawls, Allen, Somers, Reynolds, Rountree, Purgson, Ferrell, Umstead, Cunningham. McLelland.

Insurance—White, of Randolph, chairman; Fagan, Price, Pool, Allen, Harris, Halifax, Cunningham, Lawhorn, Eddins.

Fish Interests—Hancock, chairman; Duncan, Bobbitt, Pool, Hodges, Alexander, Parker, of Perquimans; Harris, of Hyde, Elliott, Cox, Daniels, Fagan, Rountree, Chapman, Spruill, Drew, Hare, Burges, Gallop, Howe.

Federal Relations—Chapin, chairman; Deweese, Adams, Howe, Ward Foster, Ferrell, Barrow, Creech, Jones.

Private Bills—Alexander; chairman; Hodges, Cooke, White, of Bertie; Person, of Wilson; Peace, Adams, Chapin, Crews Holmes, Dixon, Duffy, Dockery Lawhorn, McKenzie, Pinnix, Bryan, of Wilkes, Bailey, Pearson, Blackburn, Eddins, Arledge, Aiken, Platt

Military Affairs—Cox, chairman; Chapin, Dancy, Ormsby, McBride, King, Price, Brown, Walters, Cunningham, Weymss.

Public Roads and Turnpikes—Ferrell chairman; Reynold, Craven, Carter Dayton, Daniels, Deweese, Harris, of Halifax, Wilson, Watts, McPheeters.

Rules—Sutton, of Cumberland chairman; Brown, Bryan, of Chatham, Schulken, Nelson

Claims—Petree, chairman; Meares Howe, Arledge, Bobbitt, Chapman Foster, Purgason, Jones, Watts.

The following are the Standing Committees of the Senate as corrected up to date.

Judiciary—Geo. Smathers, chairman; Whedbee, Snore, Anderson, McCarthy, Ramsey, Hare, Clark, Butler, McCaskey, Maxwell, Mitchell, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker of Alamance; Ray, Scales, Anthony.

Finance—McCaskey, chairman; Sharpe of Wilson; Parker, Alexander, McNeil, Grant, Mitchell, Yeager, Wakefield Sharpe, of Iredell, Butler, Smathers, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker, of Alamance; Ray, Scales, Anthony, Atwater.

Agriculture—Parker, of Randolph chairman; McNeil, Hardison, Hare, Merritt, Ashburn, Earnhart, Patterson Cameron, Rollins, Hyatt, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Shore, Parker, of Alamance, Ray, Scales, Anthony, Patterson, Parker.

Education—H. L Grant, chairman; Butler, Hare, Shore, Ramsey, Walker, McCarthy, Utley, Ashburn, Hardison Anderson, McCaskey, Person, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker, of Alamance, Ray, Scales, Anthony, Anderson, Maxwell, Harp, of Iredell, McNeil.

Internal Improvements—Harp, chairman; Lyon, Ramsey, Wakefield, Dickson, Hyatt, Earley, Merritt, Anderson, Cameron, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker, of Alamance, Ray, Scales, Anthony.

Proposition and Grievances—Shaw, chairman; Ashburn, Dickson, Herdson McNeil, Anderson, Atwater, Clark, Cannon, Alexander, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker, of Alamance, Ray, Scales, Anthony,

Corporations—Anderson, chairman; Maultsby, Rollins, Sharpe, McCarthy Grant, Grant, Move, Lyon, Butler, Earnhart, Clark, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker, of Alamance; Ray, Scales Anthony, Whedbee, Yeager.

Penal Institutions—Rollins, Chairman; Cannon, Hyatt, Alexander, Sharp, Earnhart, McNeil, Hardison, Henderson Atwater, Whedbee, Utley, Justice, Abell, Barringer, Parker of Alamance, Ray, Scales, Anthony, Barker.

Railroads and Railroad Commission—Butler—Chairman, McCarthey, Shore, Maultsby, Sharp of Wilson, Ramsey, Clark, Walker, McCaskey, Maxwell, Justice, Abel, Barringer, Parker, of Alamance, Ray, Scales, Anthony, Atwater.

Agriculture—Parker, of Randolph chairman; McNeil, Hardison, Harp

SPECULATION IS DULL

The Bituminous Coal Roads Have Settled Their Trouble.

BETTER RAILROAD RATES EXPECTED

THE VARIOUS MARKETS CHARACTERIZED BY DULLNESS.

No Flurries Except on Wheat—A Steady Trade, Firm Prices and Good Demand.

New York, Jan. 28.—Speculation was extremely dull again today at the stock exchange, and in a majority of instances the fluctuations were trifling. The only wide changes were in a few of the specialties, certain of which advanced while others declined. The trading, however, was so small that no special significance was attached to any of the movements. The transactions aggregated only 7,456 shares, of which 12,300 were American sugar refining. The fact that quotations from London came fractionally higher at the opening did not authorize the market to make any response, owing to the continued lack of orders for outside account. Prices yielded ¼a½, but the losses were soon recovered, only to be followed by another decline, which left the leading stocks fractionally below last night's finals. The declaration of the long-expected two per cent. dividends by the St. Paul and Omaha roads led to no activity in that stock and it closed with a net gain of only ⅛ per cent. Northern Pacific preferred certificates were noticeably strong and advanced from 33¾ to 35. A well known Broadway house with Washington became a buyer. Hocking Valley advanced two points early on the announcement that the company had provided for the interest and that the bituminous coal roads had settled their troubles.

It is understood that the new agreement will go into effect at once, and that the roads will get better rates than for some time past. Manhattan was sold down 1⅝ to 89⅝ on a vague rumor that the company had decided upon a new issue of bonds, but there was a partial recovery on the denial of the story. Long Island fell 2 and recovered 1 percent, while Lackawanna rose 1½ and later lost the improvement. Lake Shore declined a point.

Speculation closed rather weak in tone owing chiefly to the appearance of selling orders in Sugar which carried that stock down to 116½. While the stock market was sluggish, commission houses reported a good inquiry for bonds. Government bonds were notably strong as a result of the extreme ease in money, and the fours of 1925 today scored the highest prices for a very long time past. Net changes in stock show declines of ¼a1½ per cent., Manhattan leading. Northern Pacific preferred gained 1½ and Hocking Valley 1½ per cent. Manitoba jumped 3 per cent.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 28.—Wheat surprised all classes of traders today by dropping almost a full cent below the inside figures of yesterday. From 80½ for May on Monday to 84 today there has scarcely been a pause in the decline. Long wheat which has been held for months in the expectation that $1 was to be attained has been thrown overboard this week without consideration as to price. For a time this morning it appeared as though a recovery might take place, but when "shorts" had covered all they felt disposed to and prices showed no signs of booming, a drive was again made at the market and in the last hour there was complete demoralization. There was nothing in the news of the day to warrant it. May wheat opened from 75⅞ to 76¾, sold at 77, declined to and closed at 74¾—1⅛ under yesterday. Cash wheat was weak and 1½c. lower.

MONEY MARKET.

New York, Jan. 28.—Money on call easy at 1½a2 per cent, closing offered at 1½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3a3½ per cent. Bar silver 64 15-16. Sterling exchange higher, with actual business in bankers' bills at 4.85 for 60 days and 4.87½ for demand. Posted rates 4.85a4.88. Commercial bills 4.83¾a4.84¾. Government bonds strong. State bonds dull. Railroad bonds higher. Silver at the board was firm.

STOCKS.	
American Cotton Oil	11½
pref'd	54
American Sugar Refinery	116⅝
pref'd	101½
American Tobacco	73¼
pref'd	102½
Atchison	14¼
B. & O.	15
Canadian Pacific	54⅝
C. & O.	17¼
Chicago & Alton	164
C., B. & Q.	73½
Chicago Gas	78
Delaware & Lackawana	153
D. and C. F.	
Erie	14⅝
pref'd	34½
General Electric	34¼
Illinois Central	93½
L. E. & W.	16⅝
pref'd	67½
Lake Shore	152
L. & N.	50⅝
L., N. A. & C.	½
Manhattan Consolidated	90¼
M. & C.	15
Michigan Central	89
Missouri Pacific	21½
Mobile & Ohio	21
Nash. & Chat.	67½
U. S. Cordage	
pref'd	
N. J. Central	99¼
N. Y. Central	93
N. Y. & N. E.	36
N. & W. pref'd	17
Northern Pacific	14½
pref'd	34⅝
N. W.	104½
pref'd	152
Pacific Mail	24½
Reading	26½
Rock Island	67⅝
St. Paul	76
pref'd	131½
Silver Certificates	65½
Tenn. Coal & Iron	29⅛
pref'd	80
Texas Pacific	9½
Union Pacific	7
Wabash	6¼
pref'd	15⅝
Western Union	83¾
W. & L. E.	2½
pref'd	10⅞
BONDS.	
Alabama, class A	104
B	103
C	96
La. B. 4's	95
N. C. 4's	102
6's	122
Tenn. new set. 3's	77½
Va. 6's, def	5
Va. T. R. S.	6¼
Va. F. D.	62½
U. S. 4's reg.	111⅛
coup.	112½
2's	96
So. Railway 5's	89⅝
con.	91⅛
pref'd	28½
S. C. 4½'s	107¼
U. S. new 4's, Dec.	122⅝
Coup.	123⅝

CHICAGO PRODUCE MARKET.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 28.—Leading futures ranged as follows:

	Open'g.	Clos'g.
WHEAT—No. 2.		
January	75	73½
May	76⅝a76¾	74¾
July	73¼	71⅝
CORN—		
January	22	22
May	23⅞	23⅝a23⅞
July	25	25
OATS—		
January	15⅝	15⅛
May	17⅝a17¾	17½
July	18⅜	18⅜
MESS PORK—		
January	$7.67½	$7.67½
May	7.90	7.77½
LARD—		
January	3.87½	3.85
May	3.97½	3.97½
SHORT RIBS—		
January	3.97½	3.97½
May	4.02½	4.00

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour quiet, barely steady; hard wheat bakers' in sacks $3.00a3.25; winter wheat $4.30a4.50 in wood. No. 2 spring wheat 73¾a76; No. 2 red 83¾a87. No. 2 corn 23a23¼. No. 2 oats 16. Mess pork $7.72½a7.77½. Lard $3.85a3.87½. Short ribs $3.85a4.10. Dry-salt shoulders $4.25a4.50. Short clear sides $4.12½a4.25. Whiskey $1.18.

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET.

New York, Jan. 28.—Cotton quiet; middling 7 5-16; net receipts, — bales; gross receipts, — bales; exports to Great Britain, 137 bales; to France, — bales; to the Continent, — bales; forwarded, — bales; sales, — bales; stock 291,492 bales. Total today—net receipts, 13,693 bales; exports to Great Britain, 15,854 bales; to France, — bales; to the Continent, 7,000 bales; to the Channel, — bales; stock, 1,066,920 bales. Total for this week—net receipts, 119,449 bales; exports to Great Britain, 68,803 bales; to France, 825 bales; to the Continent, 50,190 bales; to the Channel, — bales; stock, — bales. Total since September 1—net receipts, 5,482,060 bales; exports to Great Britain, 2,269,231 bales; to France, 490,318 bales; to the Continent, 1,314,184 bales; to the Channel 5,481 bales; stock, — bales.

Cotton futures closed quiet and steady; sales 77,100 bales; January 7 02; February 7.00; March 7.04; April 7.10; May 7 17; June 7.22; July 7 26; August 7.26; September 6.90; October 6.78; November 6.78; December 6 83.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, Jan. 28.—12:30 p. m.—Cotton—demand fair; prices favor buyers; American middling 4d; sales 14,000 bales; American 13,400 bales; speculation and export 500 bales; receipts 28,000 bales; American 25,600 bales.

Futures opened easy, demand moderate; American middling, l. m. c.—January and February, February and March, 3 58a3 59; March and April, 3 59; April and May, 3 59; May and June, June and July, 3.60; July and August 3.61; September and October, 3.52; November and December, 3.48. Futures steady at a decline.

4 P. M.—January, January and February, February and March, March and April, 3 59a3.60s; April and May 3 60b; May and June, 3 61s; June and July, 3.61a3 62s; July and August, 3.62s; August and September, 3.60a3.61s; September and October 3 53a3 54v; October and November (unofficial), 3 49a3.50v. Futures closed quiet but steady.

OTHER COTTON MARKETS.

January 28.

Galveston steady, 7, 2,344 bales.
Norfolk steady, 6 15-16, — bales.
Baltimore nominal, 7 5-16, —— bales.
Boston steady, 7 5-16, 94 bales.
Wilmington steady, 6¾, 509 bales.
Philadelphia quiet, 7 9-16, 50 bales.
Savannah quiet, steady, 6 13 16, 4,111 bales.
New Orleans steady, 7, 3,765 bales.
Mobile quiet, 6¾, 889 bales.
Memphis steady, 6 15-16, 508 bales.
Augusta very steady, 7½, 486 bales.
Charleston firm, 7, 822 bales.
Cincinnati quiet 7, 670 bales.
Louisville steady, 7, —— bales.
St. Louis firm 7, 41 bales.
Houston steady, 7, 2,.87 bales.

New Orleans, La., Jan. 28.—Cotton futures quiet; sales 370,700 bales; January, 6 72; February, 6.76; March, 6.84; April, 6 89; May, 6.96; June, 7 01; July, 7.06; August, 6 93; September, 6.56; October, 6.50; November 6. 0.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, Jan. 28.—Flour dull, weak; winter wheat, low grades $2.30a3.35; do. fair to fancy $3.50a4.75; do. patents $4 95a5 15; Minnesota clear patents $3.50a4 00; patents $4.35a5.00; low extras $2 30a3.35.

Southern flour dull, easy; common to fair extra $3 30a3.65; good to choice do. $3.75a4 05.

Wheat—spot market active, weaker with options, closing steady; No. 2 red, f. o. b. 93¾; ungraded red 74a94; No. 1 Northern —. Options opened firm at ⅛a¼ advance, declined 2⅜ on free unloading, closing weak at 1¼a1½ under yesterday, with trading more active; No. 2 red, January 82⅛; March 83⅝; May 81⅜; July 80¼.

Corn—spots dull, firm; No. 2, 28½ in elevator; 29½ afloat; steamer mixed —. Options were dull and firm at ½ advance; January 28½; May 29⅜; July 30⅜.

Oats—spots dull, steady; options dull, firm; January 21; February 21; May 22. Spot prices—No 2, 22; No. 2 white 24; mixed western 22a24.

Hay—choice steady; shipping 55; good to choice 72½a80.

Hides firm; wet salted, Havana selected, 35a50 pounds, at 7¾; Texas dry, 21a25 pounds, 12a13.

Wool firm, quiet; domestic fleece 16a23; pulled 18a31; Texas 7a12.

Beef quiet, steady; family $9.25a10 50; extra mess $7.00a8 00.

Beef hams strong at $17.50a18.00.

Tierced beef firm, moderate demand; city extra India mess $13 00a14.00.

Cut meats firm, quiet; pickled bellies 4½; shoulders 4½a4¾; hams 8½a9.

Lard quiet, easy; western steam $4.17½; city $3.65; January $4 15; refined quiet; continent $4 50; South America $4 75; compound 4½a4¾.

Pork dull, barely steady; new mess $8.25a9 00.

Butter quiet, steady; State dairy 10a15½; do. creamery 13a19; Elgins 20.

Eggs firmer; State and Pennsylvania 20a 0½; ice house, per case $2 00a3 50; western fresh 19½; Southern 18½a19½; limed —.

Cottonseed oil easy, quiet; crude 20; yellow prime 23.

Turpentine quiet at 27½a28.

Rice firm, fair demand; domestic fair to extra 3¾a6; Japan 4¼a4¾.

Peanuts quiet; fancy hand-picked 3¾a4.

Coffee quiet and steady, unchanged to 5 points down; March, April and May $9.35; July $9.40; September $9.45; December $9.45; spot Rio dull, steady; No. 7, 9¾.

Sugar—raw quiet, steady; fair refining 2 13-16; refined quiet, steady; off A 3¾a4; standard A 4¼; cut loaf 4¾; crushed 4¾; granulated 4¼.

THE TRIBUNE PUBLISHING CO.

Articles of Agreement, Certificate of Clerk and Letters Patent.

ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT.

We, the undersigned, being desirous of engaging in the business hereinafter set forth and described, do hereby enter into articles of agreement for that purpose pursuant to chapter 16 of the Code of North Carolina, entitled "Corporations and Acts of the General Assembly of North Carolina amendatory thereof," that is to say:

I. The corporation name shall be the Tribune Publishing Company.

II. The business prop sed shall be the publication of one or more newspapers, conducting the business of job printing and binding and carrying on such business as is usually done by printing and publishing companies.

III. The place where said business is proposed to be carried on is Raleigh, North Carolina, and such other place or places for branch offices as the Board of Directors may determine.

IV. The length of time desired for the existence of said corporation is thirty years from and after the dates of these articles next entering.

V. The names of the persons who have subscribed for stock in said corporation are as follows, viz: C M. Kenyon, C. J Harris, F. M. Messler, J. B. Hill and their associates.

VI. The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be $50,000, divided into 2,000 shares of the par value of $10.00 each, with liberty to the stockholders to increase the amount of said capital stock from time to time, or at any time, to an amount not exceeding $50,000, divided into a proportionate number of shares of the par value of ten dollars each.

VII. The said corporation may purchase or lease and hold all such real and personal and mixed property incident to the business aforesaid and necessary and useful for that purpose as the Board of Directors shall determine, and subscription for stock in said corporation may be paid wholly or in part by the purchase from the subscriber of property at such appraised valuation as may be agreed on between the Board of Directors and such subscriber.

VIII. The corporation subscribers of stock and stockholders of said corporation shall not be individually or personally responsible or liable for the debts, contracts, pecuniary obligations, engagements or torts of said corporation.

IX. The time and place of the first meeting of the corporators and subscribers for stock in said corporation for purposes of organization is hereby expressly waived.

In testimony whereof, the undersigned have hereunto set our hands and seals, this the sixth day of January, 1897.

C M. KENYON,
F. M. MESSLER,
J. B. HILL.

Subscribing witness:
WILLIAM O. O'NEILL.

NORTH CAROLINA,
WAKE COUNTY.

I. D. H. Young, Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County, do hereby certify that the foregoing articles of agreement and plan of incorporation was this day proven before me, and the due execution thereof by C. M. Kenyon, F M Messler and J. B. Hill, the subscribers thereto, is proven by the oath of William O.O'Neill, the subscribing witness thereto. Therefore, let the same be recorded according to law.

Witness my hand and official seal this the 16th day of January, 1897.

D H. YOUNG,
Clerk Superior Court.

No. 443.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA.

To all to whom these presents shall come—GREETING:

KNOW YE, That it appears from the certificate from the Clerk of the Superior Court of Wake County, that the following named persons, C. M. Kenyon, F. M. Messler and J. B Hill, heretofore on the 6th day of January, 1897, signed and filed Articles of Agreement for the formation of a private corporation before said Clerk, and copy of said Articles of Agreement, duly certified by said Clerk under the seal of said Court, have been filed and recorded in this office, as prescribed in chapter 318 of the Acts of 1893.

NOW, THEREFORE, Under the power and authority vested in me by said chapter 318 of said Acts of 1893, I do hereby declare the persons signing said Articles of Agreement duly incorporated, under the name and style of the Tribune Publishing Company, for the period of thirty years from and after the 19th day of January, 1897, for the purposes set forth in said Articles of Agreement, with all the powers, rights and liabilities conferred and imposed by law on such corporations.

Witness, my hand and the Great Seal of the State of North Carolina, at office in the City of Raleigh, this 19th day of January, in the 121st year of our Independence, and in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven.

CYRUS THOMPSON,
Secretary of State.

Old Clothing Made New.

D. W. C. HARRIS,
Steam Dyer and Pawn Broker.

We buy or loan money on Old Clothing, Watches, Pistols, Guns, Musical Instruments. Suits cleaned, 75c.; cleaned and dyed $1.50.
East Hargett Street, below Central Hotel. Raleigh, N. C.

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AT ONE-HALF PRICE.

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We furnish them at prices lower than Northern houses, and in much less time
Our's is the largest stock of Law and School Books, Stationery, School and General Office Supplies, and we occupy the largest and oldest book-store in the State.
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Give us a trial order, and list your books for sale or exchange.

Southern Law Book Exchange,
M. M. SMITH, Manager.
A. Williams' old stand, 119 Fayetteville St.

SOUTHERN RAILROAD.
(PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.)

Condensed Schedule.

In Effect June 14, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH, DAILY:

"NORFOLK & CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—Solid vestibuled train with sleeper from Norfolk to Chattanooga, via Salisbury, Morganton, Asheville, Hot Springs and Knoxville.

Connects at Durham for Oxford, Clarksville and Keysville, except Sunday. At Greensboro with Washington and Southwestern Vestibuled (limited) train for all points north, and with main line train No. 12 for Danville, Richmond and intermediate stations; also has connection for Winston-Salem, and with main line train No. 35, "United States Fast Mail," for Charlotte, Spartanburg, Greenville, Atlanta and all points South; also Columbia, Augusta, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, and all points in Florida. Sleeping car for Atlanta, Jacksonville, and at Charlotte with sleeping car for Augusta.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

11:45 a. m. daily—Solid train, consisting of Pullman sleeping cars and coaches from Chattanooga to Norfolk, arriving at Norfolk at 5:20 p m., in time to connect with the Old Dominion, Merchants & Miners', Norfolk & Washington, and Baltimore, Chesapeake & Richmond Steamship Companies for all points north and east.

Connects at Selma for Fayetteville and intermediate stations on the Wilson & Fayetteville Short Cut daily; daily except Sunday for Newbern and Morehead City; daily for Goldsboro and Wilmington and intermediate stations on the Wilmington & Weldon Railroad.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:55 a. m. daily—Connects at Durham for Oxford, Keysville, Richmond; at Greensboro for Washingtsn and all points north.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p. m. daily.—For Goldsboro and intermediate stations.

LOCAL.

2:00 a. m. daily—Connects at Greensboro for all points north and south and Winston-Salem and points on the Northwestern North Carolina Railroad; at Salisbury for all points in Western North Carolina, Knoxville, Tenn., Cincinnati and western points; at Charlotte for Spartanburg, Greenville, Athens, Atlanta and all points south.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH:

EXPRESS TRAIN.

3:09 p m., daily—From Atlanta, Charlotte, Greensboro and all points south.

LOCAL.

7:10 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro and all points north and south. Sleeping car from Greensboro to Raleigh

"NORFOLK AND CHATTANOOGA LIMITED."

3:40 p. m. daily—From all points east, Norfolk, Tarboro, Wilson and water lines.

From Goldsboro, Wilmington, Fayetteville, and all points in Eastern Carolina.

"CHATTANOOGA AND NORFOLK LIMITED."

1:40 a. m. daily—From New York, Washington, Lynchburg, Danville and Greensboro, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Hot Springs and Asheville.

LOCAL.

9:00 p. m. daily, except Sunday—From Goldsboro and all points east.

EXPRESS TRAIN.

8:55 a. m. daily—From Goldsboro.

BOOKS! BOOKS! BOOKS!

—AT—

ALFRED WILLIAMS & CO.'S,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS

RALEIGH, N. C.

Send us your orders for anything you need in our line. The Oldest Book House in the State Largest Stock in the State. Lowest Prices in the State.

☞ Prompt attention always.

Alfred Williams & Co.

THE CENTRAL HOTEL,

Corner Wilmington and Hargett Streets, half block from Fayetteville Street, one block south of Capitol Square.

RALEIGH, N. C.,

Has Been Thoroughly Cleaned

Newly Furnished,

And now offers to both Transient and Regular Boarders first-class fare at moderate prices.

A. J. JONES, Manager.

WE SHALL

Have no need of the Chinaman in the future if every American laundryman will supply the proper kind of work.

We can launder your linen much better, much whiter (without the use of chemicals), finish them in much finer style, and we won't charge you any more, and we won't send them home minus the buttons, either.

Prompt Delivery. Drop a Postal for our Wagon.

OAK CITY STEAM LAUNDRY,
216 Fayetteville St., Raleigh, N. C. PAGE & MARSHALL, Proprietors.

C. F. & Y. V. RAILROAD.

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect December 20, 1896.

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 2, Daily.
Lv. Wilmington	7:50 a m
Ar. Fayetteville	11:00 a m
Lv. Fayetteville	11:21 a m
Lv. Fayetteville Junction	11:27 a m
Lv. Sanford	1:00 p m
Lv. Climax	2:55 p m
Ar. Greensboro	3:25 p m
Lv. Greensboro	3:35 p m
Lv. Stokesdale	4:23 p m
Lv. Walnut Cove	4:55 p m
Lv. Rural Hall	5:26 p m
Ar. Mt. Airy	6:56 p m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 1, Daily.
Lv. Mt Airy	8:40 a m
Lv. Rural Hall	10:04 a m
Lv. Walnut Cove	10:32 a m
Lv. Stokesdale	11:07 a m
Ar. Greensboro	11:55 a m
Lv. Greensboro	12:15 p m
Lv. Climax	12:43 p m
Lv. Sanford	2:55 p m
Ar. Fayetteville Junction	4:12 p m
Ar. Fayetteville	4:18 p m
Lv. Fayetteville	4:35 p m
Ar. Wilmington	7:45 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 4, Daily
Lv. Bennettsville	8:30 a m
Ar. Maxton	9:40 a m
Lv. Maxton	9:50 a m
Lv. Red Springs	10:18 a m
Lv. Hope Mills	11:01 a m
Ar. Fayetteville	11:19 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 3, Daily
Lv. Fayetteville	4:28 p m
Lv Hope Mills	4:49 p m
Lv. Red Springs	5:36 p m
Ar. Maxton	6:09 p m
Lv. Maxton	6:17 p m
Ar. Bennettsville	7:25 p m

NORTH BOUND.

	No. 16, Mixed Daily, ex. Sun
Lv. Ramseur	6:45 a m
Lv. Climax	8:35 a m
Ar. Greensboro	9:20 a m
Lv. Greensboro	9:35 a m
Lv. Stokesdale	11:07 a m
Ar. Madison	11:55 a m

SOUTH BOUND.

	No. 15, Mixed. Daily, ex. Sun.
Lv. Madison	12:30 p m
Lv. Stokesdale	1.28 p m
Lv. Greensboro	2:40 p m
Lv. Greensboro	3:25 p m
Lv. Climax	4:20 p m
Ar. Ramseur	6:05 p m

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Fayetteville, with Atlantic Coast Line for all points north and east; at Sanford, with the Seaboard Air-Line; at Greensboro, with the Southern Railway Company; at Walnut Cove, with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Winston-Salem.

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points north and east; at Greensboro, with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points north and east; at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points south; at Maxton, with the Seaboard Air-Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points south and southwest.

J. W. FRY, Gen. Mgr. W. E. KYLE, Gen. Pass Agt.

S. A. L.

Vestibuled Limited Trains.

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE.

SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE TO ATLANTA, NEW ORLEANS, NORFOLK, RICHMOND, WASHINGTON, BALTIMORE, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON, NEW YORK.

Schedule in Effect November 1st, 1896.

TRAINS LEAVE RALEIGH:

1:26 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule for Henderson, Weldon, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and all points north. Buffet drawing-room sleepers and Pullman coaches Atlanta to Washington, parlor cars Washington to New York Pullman sleeping car Monroe to Portsmouth. Arrives at Washington 10:45 a. m., Baltimore 12 noon, Philadelphia 2:20 p. m., New York 4:53 p. m. Also for Portsmouth, Norfolk, Old Point and local stations Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad.

11:31 A. M. DAILY.

For Henderson, Weldon, Suffolk, Portsmouth, Norfolk and intermediate stations, connects at Portsmouth with Bay Line for Old Point and Baltimore; with Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company for Washington; with N. Y. P. & N. Railroad for Philadelphia and points north; also at Weldon with Atlantic Coast line for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York, and with Scotland Neck Branch for Greenville, Washington and Portsmouth.

Pullman sleeping car Atlanta to Portsmouth.

6:00 P. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule for Southern Pines, Hamlet, Wilmington, Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby, Chester, Clinton, Greenwood, Abbeville, Athens, Atlanta, Augusta, Columbia, Macon, Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans, Chattanooga, Nashville, Memphis and all points south and southwest; through Pullman Buffet sleepers and day coaches Washington and Atlanta, connecting directly at Union depot, Atlanta, with diverging lines; also Pullman sleeping car Portsmouth to Monroe.

3:40 P. M. DAILY.

For Wilmington, Charlotte, Chester, Greenwood, Athens, Atlanta and all intermediate stations. Connects at Union station, Atlanta, with diverging lines. Pullman sleeping car Portsmouth to Atlanta.

TRAINS ARRIVE AT RALEIGH:

3:40 P. M. DAILY.

From Norfolk, Portsmouth and points north via Bay Line and N. Y. P. & N. Railroad, Petersburg Richmond and Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston; also from Greenville, Plymouth, Washington, N. C., and Eastern Carolina points via Weldon.

1:21 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" Pullman Vestibule from Atlanta and points south, Athens, Abbeville, Greenwood and Chester.

11:26 A. M. DAILY.

From Charlotte, Athens, Atlanta and intermediate stations.

5:55 A. M. DAILY.

"Atlanta Special" from Norfolk, Portsmouth, Henderson, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the east.

Magnificent Pullman vestibuled trains. No extra fare.

Apply to ticket agent, or to

H. S. LEARD, Sol. Pass. Agt., Raleigh, N. C.
E. ST. JOHN, Vice-Pres. and Gen. Mgr.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Manager.
T. J. ANDERSON, Gen. Pass. Agent.
V. E. McBEE, General Superintendent.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE.

FRIDAY, JANUARY 29, 1897.

THE WEATHER.

Forecast for Raleigh and Vicinity.

Fair tonight and Friday. The lowest temperature of the winter will occu Friday morning.

Forecast for North Carolina.

Fair tonight and Friday. Colder in the eastern portion tonight. Not s cold in the interior on Friday.

Weather Conditions.

The storm has moved from the N. C coast to New England and has increased in violence, producing high gales on the North Atlantic coast, with snow and severe cold. Wind velocities of from 34 to 42 miles an hour are reported from Norfolk to Boston.

The cold wave has now reached the South Atlantic coast and Florida. The temperature has fallen to 22 at Jacksonville and to 30 at Tampa. The weather is now clear and cold over the entire country.

C. F. VON HERRMANN,
Section Director.

Personals.

Mr. R. O. Fry is in the city.

Judge Walter Clark is sick again.

Capt. A. S. Peace is reported better.

Judge Spencer B. Adams is in the city.

Mr. H. J. Faison of Faison is in town

Mrs. Lewis, mother of Dr. R. H. Lewis, is ill.

Mr. V. S. Bryant of Durham is in Raleigh.

Mr. R. L. Fuller of Charlotte is at the Park.

Mr. J. A. Odell of Greensboro is at the Park.

Mr. D. C. Waddell of Asheville is in the city.

Ex-Judge MacRae has returned to Raleigh

Mr J. D. Forest of Goldsboro is at the Park.

Mr. W. H. Chadburn of Wilmington is at the Park.

Hon. Clement Manly was in Raleigh yesterday

Mr J. J. Loyd, of Tarboro, has returned home.

Mr. F. D. Winston passed through yesterday.

Mr. David King, collector for the S. A. L., is quite ill.

Mr. W. F. Rountree of Newbern arrived yesterday.

Dr. Fleming, of Warrenton, was in town yesterday.

Mr. Gilbert McLeod of Carthage arrived here yesterday.

Mr E. P. McKissick, proprietor of the Battery Park Hotel, is in town.

Mr. T. W. Bickett, a prominent attorney of Louisburg, is in Raleigh.

Marriage license was yesterday taken out by John Hinton to wed Sallie Newell.

Prof. W. L. Poteat of Wake Forest College passed through on his way from Chapel Hill yesterday.

Mr. Clanton, brother of Mr. W. S. Clanton, who is contesting for a seat in the Mecklenburg delegation in the Assembly, is in the city.

Judge W. S. O'B. Robinson of Goldsboro was here yesterday to hear the petition to appoint a receiver for the Falls of Neuse Paper Company. The receiver has not yet been appointed.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

Man Held Up on the Rhamkatte Road.

Wednesday afternoon Mr. John A Wiggs, a carpenter of this city, went out on horseback to visit his brother, Mr Joe Wiggs, who lives on Mr. J. M. Broughton's farm, about three miles south of the city. Mr. Wiggs left his brother's about 9 o'clock and started back to Raleigh on the Rhamkatte road When he was within less than half a mile of Goodwin's store a man sprang from the roadside and seized the horse's bridle. At this the animal became thoroughly frightened and suddenly jumped forward, causing the man to slip and lose his grip on the bridle However, as the horse and rider made their escape, some one struck Mr. Wiggs a smart blow across the face with a brush or small stick, which he supposes was picked up in the road.

When Mr Wiggs reached Goodwin's store he tied his horse and went in as his face was giving him much pain. He probably remained there about three quarters of an hour, and when he reached Walnut creek hill a man ran out from some shrubbery and firmly grasped his horse's bridle while another man pointed a revolver at Mr. Wiggs' head demanding his money. Mr. Wiggs first denied having any, but when the man threatened him and pointed the shining steel at his temple, Wiggs gave them $5 75, all the money he had, and in speaking of the matter yesterday, said he would have given them his horse if they had asked him. Although the moon was not shining, yet, as the ground was covered with snow, Mr. Wiggs was able to see indistinctly the men's features. He says that there were two of them, both white men and unmasked. No clue to their discovery has been found. Mr. Wiggs acknowledges that he has not yet recovered from his terrible fright.

Alice Byno Last Evening.

The Alice Byno Company presented "Esmeralda" to a small audience in the Metropolitan Opera House last night. This company deserves better patronage than it has thus far received. It is playing under popular prices, 10 to 20 cents, and giving as good a show as you have paid twice the money to see Tonight "The Waifs of New York" will be presented and Miss Byno will play the role of street waif, and it is hoped Miss Flossie Lusk will be on the stage more.

The entertainment given last night by the blind pupils of the State Institution will be repeated for the benefit of the public next Tuesday evening.

Grippe Capsules at McKimmon's Drug Store.

SCOTTISH REFORMATION

Most Successfully Rendered By Home Talent Last Night.

SPLENDID HISTRIONIC POWER

POSSESSED BY A HOST OF RALEIGH LADIES AND GENTLEMEN.

The Story of John Knox and Queen Mary Illustrated — Allegorical Processional Features of the Play —Repeated Tonight.

The presentation of the "Scottish Reformation" at the Academy of Music last night was a brilliant demonstration of the fact that the city of Raleigh has within her borders a host of as beautiful and accomplished young ladies and gallant and courtly gentlemen, withal splendidly endowed with histrionic powers, as can be the boast of any city of her size in the land

The intense cold weather greatly interfered with the patronage, there having been few more than half of the seats taken; and the Academy was poorly heated, but despite these seeming drawbacks the Scottish Reformation with its alternating scenes of Puritanic stir, courtly magnificence and heart rending pathos, were interpreted in a realistic manner most heartily received by the audience.

The "Rallying of the Clans" was an excellently rendered allegorical processional opening feature of the play When a number of very difficult figures had been executed the entire company, a chorus of fifty voices, rendered "Form Your Battalions," giving a delightful foretaste of the delightful features that were to succeed each other in rapid succession.

The stirring story of John Knox and the ill fated Mary Stuart, beautifully illustrated with large stereopticon views, was interestingly told by Mrs Monroe, under whose supervision the play was staged. A chapter of this story was recited between each of the four acts of the play.

Part second represented the Puritans and students of Glasgow University on their way to Leith to meet Queen Mary. In this act, as in all the subsequent ones, the costuming was ideal and the interpretations of the various characters, all that could be desired.

Probably the most brilliant scene of the entire play was that representing John Knox in the court of Mary Queen of Scots. The role of Queen Mary was excellently impersonated be Miss Annie Bell Mitchell. Prof. Massey interpreted the role of John Knox.

The Queen was seated upon her throne and surrounded by a party of richly costomed courtiers and lady attendants, priests and pages. There were also corps of Scottish guards commanded by A. B. Andrews, Jr., military guards, a detachment of Knights Templar, No. 4, under command of Z. P. Smith; Second Guards, commanded by Capt. A. J. Crawford, and Third Guards, a detachment of A. and M. College cadets, under Major Wooten.

It was during the presentation of this scene that the audience was treated to exquisitely reudered vocal selections by Misses Maud Merrimon and Mary Lilly Kenan. Miss Merrimon sang "The Palace of the King." Miss Kenan rendered "When the Mists Have Cleared Away," the entire company joining in the chorus.

Queen Mary on her way to execution was the subject of the fourth scene. This was as successfully pathetic as the preceding scene had been brilliant. An especially notable feature of this scene was a song, "Abide with Me," by a male quartette.

The closing scene was an allegorical drill, "Triumph of the Puritans."

Too much cannot be said of the successes of the play. Limited space, however will not admit of an extended or detailed description.

The music was in charge of Miss Holden, assisted by J. D. Turner and the orchestra.

The play was under the auspices of the ladies of the Church of the Good Shepherd, and will be repeated tonight.

Boat Sinks—Engineer Drowned.

Evansville, Ind., Jan. 28.—The small steamer Plankinshaw was scuttled by ice and sunk in the Ohio river near this city last night Engineer John Orr, of Evansville, was drowned. The others on board, seventeen in number escaped to a barge in tow, but suffered considerably from the cold weather and several were badly frozen.

No Material Change.

New York, Jan. 28.—Treasury balances: Coin, $122,567,148; currency, $53,923,559.

Cream puffs at Bretsch's.

Grippe Capsules at McKimmon's Drug Store.

Agents Wanted

To sell proprietary medicines, retail or to the trade. Good side line for drummers. Standard Remedy Co., Tryon, N. C.

Notice for Charter.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the General Assembly now in session to incorporate the Insurance Company of North Carolina.

Scholars Wanted.

Desirous of being occupied. I would take charge of ten or twelve children at my residence. Best of care would be exercised in regard to their moral, mental and physical culture. Can prepare them for any ordinary business of life. Address,

W. T. WOMBLE,
636 East Hargett Street, Raleigh, N. C.

WEDDED AT WARRENTON

MR. BAILEY AND MISS WIMBUSH UNITED IN MARRIAGE YESTERDAY.

Many Persons of Distinction Present—Church Artististically Decorated—Reception Given.

At high noon yesterday, in the Episcopal Church at Warrenton, Dr. Bronson, rector of the church, officiating Mr. C. T. Bailey, of this city, and Miss Mary Walthall Wimbish, of Warrenton were united in marriage.

The weather, inclement the day before, turned beautifully to the gladness of the wedding day. The earth, clad in snowy white, the sky in purest azure, it was an ideal wedding day. One may well hope that the gladness of the sunshine and the pureness of the new snow may find a counterpart in the unalloyed joy of the happy couple whose destinies were yesterday joined for life.

The service was the sublimely beautiful one of the Episcopal Church. In response to the wedding march the attendants led the way to the altar, where the groom and his best man, Mr. Edgar Haywood, of this city, met the bride and her maid of honor, Miss Davis, of Warrenton. The attendants were Miss Jones of Warrenton and Mr. Blackburn of Ashe, Mr. Barrow of Warrenton and Miss McCraw of Warrenton Mr. J. W. Bailey of Raleigh and Miss Wimbish of Oxford, Mr. Sutton of New Hanover and Miss Billups of Norfolk, Mr Tarwater of Warrenton and Miss Dugger of Warrenton, Mr. McCraw of Warrenton and Miss Hayes of Warrenton. The bride was given away by her brother Mr. William Lee of Warrenton.

The bridal party made a beautiful picture gathered around Mr. Bailey and Miss Wimbish, amid the tasteful decorations of the church and under the soft light of the candles

The night before the marriage the attendants on the wedding were tendered a reception at the bride's home, Mrs McCraw's residence

Mr. and Mrs. Purnell, of this city, attended the wedding.

Miss Wimbish, the bride, was educated at St. Mary's, and has many warm friends in Raleigh. She comes of prominent family, being a niece of Senator Walthall, of Mississippi. She is exceedingly handsome.

Mr. Bailey is well known and has many friends in Raleigh. He is the eldest son of the late Rev. Dr. C. T Bailey, and is now a repreeentative of the University Publishing Company As a politician, he ranks among the foremost of the young men of his party

The numerous and magnificent bridal presents testify to the general popularity of this couple, as well as the large circle of friends at home and abroad who gathered to give them God speed on their wedding day.

Mr. and Mrs. Bailey will take an extended trip, and will return to this city after ten days.

A PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR.

$75.00 REWARD.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

Whereas, official information has been received at this department that John Keel, a white man, late of the county of Pitt, stands charged with the murder of David Crandall. And whereas, it appears that the said John Keel has fled the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him.

Now, therefore, I, Daniel L. Russell, Governor of the State of North Carolina, by virtue of authority in me vested by law, do issue this my proclamation, offering a reward of seventy-five dollars for the apprehension and delivery of the said John Keel to the Sheriff of Pitt county at the Courthouse in Greenville, and I do enjoin all officers of the State and all good citizens to assist in bringing said criminal to justice.

Done at our City of Raleigh, the twenty third day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-seven and in the one hundred and twenty-first year of our American Independence.

DESCRIPTION—White man, stout, well built; round, red face, little red mustache; weighs 180 pounds; left shoulder little sloping; sandy red hair.

DANIEL L. RUSSELL.

By the Governor:
JOE E. ALEXANDER,
Private Secretary.

HALL-HEARTT.

A Quiet Home Wedding.

Yesterday at 11 o'clock, at the residence of Capt. Charles D. Heartt on Dawson street, Mr. Francis E Hall of Richmond, Va., and Miss Frances Eugenia Heartt were united in marriage.

The ceremony was performed by Dr. Eugene Daniel, of the Presbyterian Church. Mr. John H Hall, brother to the groom, and Miss Nina Heartt, sister of the bride, acted as waiters. Only near relatives and some intimate friends were invited Among this number were Mrs Robert Gilum and Mr. Charles Gilum, of Petersburg, Va., and Miss Matilda Heartt. Messrs. Frank and Howard Heartt, of Durham.

Mr. Hall is a prominent insurance man of Richmond, being connected with the Life Insurance Company of Virginia. Miss Heartt is of one of the oldest and best families of the place. She is the daughter of Chief of Police C. D Heartt. The happy couple left yesterday for Washington, and they carry with them the congratulations and best wishes of a host of friends.

Edward Davis Pardoned

Governor Russell yesterday issued a pardon to Edward Davis, of Moore county, who was convicted of robbery at the January term of the Wake County Superior Court, 1894 Davis was sentenced to five years' imprisonment. The pardon was granted on a petition of Davis and the advice of Judge Hoke, who presided at the trial, and Solicitor Pou, who conducted the prosecution, and many of the leading citizens living in and near Sanford Davis' punishment was regarded sufficient for his crime.

Bridal Party at the Park.

Yesterday Mr and Mrs. M. H. Allen Miss Dalton, Mr Whit Johnson and Capt. W. P Clements stopped at the Park on their way to Littleton. Miss Grogan became Mrs. Allen last Wednesday in Winston. Last night a reception at Littleton was given the couple and their friends by Mr. Allen's father.

Grippe Capsules at McKimmon's Drug Store.

Mr. Bretsch kneads bread; everyone else needs it, too, and all the best bred people buy it from him, for they know he is the best bread man in the State.

Grippe Capsules at McKimmon's Drug Store.

WE ARE GLAD

To say Hard Times are over. As no one can complain of hard times if they will only go around to the Lyon Racket Store, 16 East Market St, Raleigh, N. C., and see what low prices they are selling goods. We will quote you a few prices in trunks, valises and such things as Hardware, as we now sell them at about one-half of the regular price; but we are determined to sell goods if we have to sell at the smallest profit goods were ever sold at. Some ask, "How can they sell at such small profit?" Quick sales and small profits repeated often are equal to slow sales and large profits, and we prefer quick sales and the cash to accompany the sale.

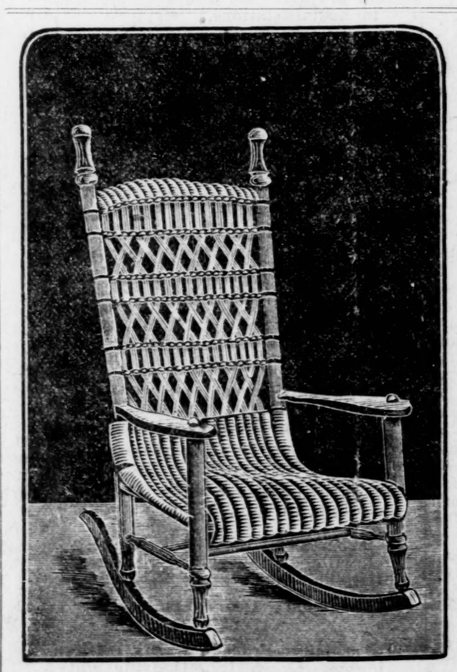
Read the prices below and be convinced.

These goods are first class.

	Our Price. cts.	Worth $
Hand Saws,	57	1.50
Panel Saws,	47	1.00
Key Hole Saws,	14	40
Butchers' Saws,	74	1.25
Kitchen Saws,	38	75
Saw Sets,	47	1.00
Squares,	34	75
Squares,	28	50
Hammers, Steel,	47	1.00
Hammers, Steel,	37	75
Harness Goods,	20	50
Hatchet, Steel,	47	1.00
Ratchet Braces,	50	1.25
Braces,	25	75
Eveiet Punches,	47	1.00
Hinges,	10	20
Horse Clippers,	98	1.50
Curry Combs,	10	25
Curry Combs,	5	15
Horse Brushes,	50	1.00
Horse Brushes,	24	50
Horse Brushes,	19	25
Bridle Snaps,	5	15
Rubber Bitts,	16	50
Steel Bitts,	4	20
Trowels, Steel,	29	75
Shovels,	4	10
Shovels,	9	25

and other things in hardware too numerous to mention. But if you will come and look for yourself you will be surprised to see things of such value sold so cheap. But they must be sold, as we intend to sell goods, and this is the only way.

You to please.
LYON RACKET STORE,
16 East Martin St., Raleigh.



Thomas & Campbell's

SPECIAL BARGAIN SALE. : :

All Rockers Now at COST!

We have about one hundred left over from our holiday trade that must be closed out at once.

Our line of chamber suits are the finest ever shown here. All marked at hard times prices.

In our line of dining-room furniture we have made special reduction. On sideboards—A beautiful sideboard now for fifteen dollars, former price twenty-two dollars.

We have also made a sweeping reduction in all pieces of furniture, such as china closets, book cases, secretaries, ward robes, ladies' desks, etc, etc

We have just received one hundred rolls of new Japanese Matting, which we will sell very cheap until we get our regular spring stock.

We are receiving our first carload of infant's carriages, which are undoubtedly the most beautiful ever shown in this city.

Be sure to see us before buying anything in our line.
Yours truly,

THOMAS & CAMPBELL
Nos. 9 and 12 E. Martin St. 'Phone 261 C.
Leading Furniture Dealers of Raleigh, N. C.

A Lady

When asked what kind of advertising she liked best, promptly replied, "The kind that names the goods, mentions the qualities and states the price, with sufficient quantities to back the advertisement." She was eminently correct. Here are the names, the qualities, the price and the quantities. We have others not here mentioned.

Inventory Reduction Sale—Shoe Clearance.

Price unparalleled in Shoe retailing. Our price $2.00, no more.

The greatest values ever offered in nice, clean, smooth stock, now thrown on the sacrifice table.

Geo. E. Keith's Fine Footwear $3, $4 and $5 qualities, calf skin and cordovans. Wells & McKay's sewed, heavy or medium weights; wide, ordinary or pointed toes, widths E, F and G; any size, 6 to 11, but not all sizes of any one kind, about 167 pairs to select from; your choice at only **$2.00**

These Shoes are not odds and ends, nor poor styles, but taken from regular stock, marked less than cost, for quick selling, to close the season. They are bargains.

Last Lick at This Line.

Burt & Packard's Korrect Shape Shoes—$5 kind are now $2.50

Old Gents' "Comforts" Calfskin $3.00 Welt Shoes are now $1.50

Slick Shoes Simply Sacrificed.

G. Gerstle & Co.'s Cincinatti made and branded

Sherwood's Solid Service SHOES,

formerly $3, $2.50, $2.25 and $2, none ever sold for less, your choice now of any and all **$1.00.**

Clearing out Williams & Hoyt's Line Standard Make—qualities well known:

Misses' $2.50 Spring Heel Shoes,
Boys' $2 Spring Heel Shoes,
Child'ns' $1.25 Spring Heel Shoes,

For rich, intrinsic and splendid value, the following quotations are unrivalled.

Gents' Dress and Negligee Shirts.

Full Dress white Shirts were $1.50, now $1; Peerless, laundried, were $1.25, now $1; White Plaited Bosoms were $1, now 75c.; Gladstone, laundried, $1, now 75c.; I.X.L., unlaundried, New York Mills, muslin, linen bosoms, 75c., now 50c; "Cuffs" were 50c. each, our price three for a dollar, or single, 35c.

25 dozen Gents' Negligee Shirts, all prices, 50c., 75c., $1 and $1.25 quality, unboxed and spread on tables; your choice as long as they last at 50c.

Men's Flannels.

50c. White Wool Underwear,
50c. Red Flannel "
50c. Fancy Ribbed "
75c. Glove Fitting "
75c. Camels' Hair "
$1 Medicated Scarlet "
$1 Wright's Health "

Ladies' Woolen Underwear

50c. Jersey Ribbed, Fleece-lined,
50c. White Merino Wool,
$1 Scarlet, All Wool,
$1 Natural Undyed Wool,
$1 Australian Wool,
$1 Non-Shrinking Wool,

About 30 pairs Ladies' Pants, were 75c. and $1, now 39 Cents

Sherwood Higgs Co.
SUCCESSORS TO C. A. SHERWOOD & CO.

Canned Fruits and Vegetables.

I have on hand a very large stock of best brand of Canned Fruits and Vegetables. They were bought just before the rise and this fact enables me to sell them very cheap considering the quality.

Imported Wines.

A consignment of a few cases of Imported Wines has just been received. They are the finest ever brought to Raleigh. Try them.

M. ROSENTHAL,

GROCER,

136 Fayetteville Street.

Don't grunt with stomach-ache. Get relief quick by using

Simpson's Liver Pills for all stomach ills.

You will save money and your health, which is beyond price, by using the pills regularly.

Simpson's Pharmacy,

Pullen Building.

Do You Want Any Of These?

They are Specialties.

Pork and Beans with Tomato Sauce is something you haven't used.

Asparagus—Seal brand, and others.

Tomato Bouillon, in glass.

Evaporated California Fruit—the nicest line to be had.

Golden Gate Canned Goods. My stock is absolutely complete.

My own special importation of Java and Mocha Coffee in handsome package.

Welch's Grape Juice—something new—a non-alcoholic wine—for invalids.

The whole of The Tribune could be used to enumerate all the good things the store contains, for you know I am the leader in the grocery business.

THOMAS PESCUD.